

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol 13. No 47

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, March 14, 1929

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

JUST ARRIVED

Our Spring Shipment

Master Mechanic Overalls, Zepper Combinations and
and Pants, Overalls in all sizes

Also Men's and Youths' Dress Hats and Caps,
Shirts, Ties, Etc.

Everything You Need in Groceries

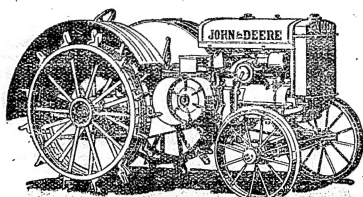
Acadia Produce Co.

QUALITY-ECONOMY-SERVICE

G. W. RIDEOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

Economical Power for Years To Come!



John Deere Farm Tractor

In the John Deere Tractor you get power
you can depend upon, month after month,
year after year, at costs that are surprisingly
low.

Great Power—Light Weight— You Want Both

In the tractor you buy,
you want ample power to do
your field and belt work in
volume that will effect real
economies.
But you don't want to drag
around a lot of surplus weight
to eat up power, fuel and oil.
It's the successful combina-
tion of light weight, strength
and power that makes the
John Deere the outstanding

value in the tractor field to-
day.
On farms of all sizes, in all
parts of the country, this
powerful tractor is establish-
ing records for less fuel and
oil consumption—for low up-
keep—and for continuous, un-
interrupted service month af-
ter month, year after year—
records difficult for other
tractors to equal.

Let us show you why the John Deere is the
tractor best suited to your farm needs.

Cooley Bros.

LOCAL DEALERS

Chinook

Phone 10



At this Store You Get **QUALITY AND SERVICE**

HEDGES

The great importance of the future
market lies in the facilities it
provides for protecting, or "hedging,"
the transactions of those who handle
actual grain. The primary grain
dealer, the exporter and the miller
desire to eliminate as far as possible
the risk involved in the constant
fluctuations of the prices of grain and
flour. They can secure a very large
measure of protection by collateral
transactions in the futures market,
because, although there are impor-
tant variations at times, prices in the
cash and futures markets influence
each other and tend to rise and fall
together.

For illustration: The primary dealer
buys wheat at a country station
which he will not be able to move
forward to a primary cash market for
two or more weeks, and he immedi-
ately hedges this purchase by selling
an equal amount of grain in the
futures market. When he is able to
sell his grain for cash the market may
have declined, say 5c, 10c or 15c per

bushel, and on the cash traction he
thus loses 5c, 10c or 15c per bushel, as
the case might be; but in a majority
of cases the futures market has also
declined about an equal amount, and
by buying back in that market at the
reduced price the quantity he had
previously sold, he makes a
profit sufficient to compensate him
for his cash loss. The shipper or
exporter sells his futures as a hedge
against the grain he carries and when
he sells the cash grain he exchanges
the futures with his buyer or if the
grain is sold "flat" he purchases fu-
tures to offset his sale. The miller on
the other hand, buys the futures as a
hedge against sales of flour, selling
out the futures as he buys the actual
wheat for milling; and a farmer can
at any time, hedge his crop or any
part of it.

This putting on and taking off of
hedges by every buyer and seller of
grain, from the producer to the con-
sumer, creates a very large volume of
business in the futures market. In
addition there is a varying business,
sometimes small and sometimes
large, on behalf of speculative inter-
ests

STANDING OF PUPILS IN THE CHINOOK CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL DISTRICT

Report for January and February
1929:

Grade I.	Per Cent.
Edith Dawson	96
Freda Hotmann	96
Maxine Hurley	94
Billie McLean	94
Rodney Brodine	91
Lester Barton	79
Peter, Neufeld	78

Grade II.	Per Cent.
Mary Schmidt	97
Siegfried Peters	93
Rudolph Pfeifer	92
Joyce Milligan	91
Jack Lee	89
Marcel Massey	88
Alice Gilbertson	87
John Smith	87
William Hormann	87
Everett Vennard	86
Eileen Proudfoot	86
Agnes Martens	85
Audrey Rideout	84
Jack Sandman	81
Loretta Begon	80
Isabel Vanhook	78
George Schmidt	75
Arthur Pfeifer	68
Maralee Strong	60

Grade III.	Per Cent.
Jimmy Proudfoot	87.8
John Janzen	84
Edith McLean	81
Peter Janzen	78.7
Ernest Hormann	77.4
Gordon Begon	76.3
Robert Sandman	76
Donald Anderson	72.6
Leo Begon	72.5
Virginia Dressel	71
Gilbert Gilbertson	71
Lorna Chapman	70.3
Teddy Demare	70
George Dick	68
Johnny Kautz	65
Evelyn Dawson	63
Norman Jacques	60.8

Grade IV.	Per Cent.
Kathleen Proudfoot	88
Mildred Brownell	84
Gabrielle Massey	82
Chester Rideout	79
Aron Voth	77
Ruth Hurley	76.7
Allen Carter	70
Florence Marr	69
Sara Neufeld	68
Billie McIntosh	61
Evelyn Vennard	60.8
Earl Robinson	60
Corinne Strong	56
Norma Marr	43.3
Harold Dressel	43

Grade V.	Per Cent.
Winnifred Murray	83
Bruce Young	81
Dean Tomkins	76
Ross Sandman	75
Lorna McLean	74
Maurice Massey	72
William R. Gilbertson	65
Myrtle O. Mailly	64.5
Jack Loader	64

Grade VI.	Per Cent.
Keith Wright	78.1
Bill Marcy	77.7
Lydia Janzen	77.5
Mabel Gilbertson	76
Frank Marcy	74.5
Helen Dawson	69.7
Milton Dressel	69.7
Lorne Rideout	68.7
Grace O'Malley	67
Lorraine Begon	66.7
Robert McLean	59.1
Lyle Milligan	58.7
Ernest Gilbertson	52.1
Raymond Vennard	47.2

Grade VII.	Per Cent.
Marjorie Tomkins	85.8
Betty Milligan	74
Ina Rennie	72.2
Kenneth Dawson	72
Fabian Begon	65.7
Fred Vennard	62
Lester Marr	61
Albert Marr	51.7

Grade VIII.	Per Cent.
Celestine Dressel	85.4
Margaret Peters	85.2
Margaret Lee	82.7
John Horvath	82.1
Margaret McLean	81
Clifford Thorpe	74.1
Jean McIntosh	70.6
Urdine Brownell	70.4
Norman O'Mally	70.4
Elenor Strong	66.5
Harmon Vanhook	65.5
Eva McPherson	58.4
Florence McPherson	57.7

LADIES' CARD CLUB

The Card Club met at the home of
Mrs. Lloyd Robinson on Tuesday
evening, the prize winner being Mrs.
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pyrex casserole. The Club will meet
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week.

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern	\$1.04
2 Northern	1.06
3 Northern	1.01
No. 4	.95
No. 5	.84
No. 6	.70
Feed	.60

OATS

2 C. W.	.50
3 C. W.	.43
Feed	.39

BARLEY

3 C. W.	.58
4 C. W.	.52
Feed	.47

RYE

2 C. W.	.93
3 C. W.	.87

FLAX

1 N. W.	1.78
2 C. W.	1.74
3 C. W.	1.68

BUTTER AND EGGS

Butter	.35
Eggs	.35

Chinook Theatre

Friday & Sat'day
15th & 16th

Kit Carson

Starring

Fred Thompson

and 7th episode of serial

"Silent Flyer"

Regular Prices, 50c, 25c, 10c

Chinook Cafe

Our Cafe has been thorough-
ly renovated and is comfort-
able and clean—the place
you can enjoy your meals.

BOOTHS FOR
LADIES

Rooms in Connection

Cigars, Cigarettes and
Tobaccos

Soft Drinks, Fruit in Season
Confectionery and Ice
Cream Parlor

Chen Sam, Prop.

Dr. Richardson

DENTIST

Will be in the

CEREAL DRUG STORE

March 11th to 16th
inclusive

Those wishing plates
must get impressions
the 11th and 12th.

All Spring Goods are Here Dress Material of All Kinds

G. W. G.

Overalls

Shirts, etc.



Men's

Women's and

Children's Shoes

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Spring is Here

Get Your Harness Supplies Now

Collars from \$2.35 to \$7.50 each
Bridles from \$4.50 to \$6.50 per pair
Halters from \$1.15 to \$2.00 each
Sweat Pads, Deer Hair \$1., Oilcloth \$1., Teopacto 60c

Our Prices on all our goods are in comparison with these
I have the best line of men's dress and work shoes I ever
carried and will be on display next week

Our New Spring Gloves are HUMDINGERS

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

We Are Prepared to Look After Your

Spring Requirements

Bolts - Iron - Oils - Greases
Formaldehyde

Have You Seen the New Massey-Harris Plow? It's a Dandy!

Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

Get Your Horses in Shape for Spring

A Fresh Stock of SURESHOT on Hand

Also

Epsom Salts Sulphur Raw Linseed Oil
Stock Food Cow Tonic Poultry Tonic
Gall Cure Louse Powder Pine Tar
Creolin Chloride of Lime Smoke

BRING IN YOUR LIST

E. E. Jacques, Druggist

Insure the Life of Your Car

The depreciation can be greatly reduced if it is
housed in a weather proof garage. It is costly economy
to only half shelter an investment such as an automobile
and no one can afford it. Build that garage now with-
out delay. Let us tell you the exact cost.

A Car of Willow Pickets Just Unloaded

Imperial Lumber Yards Ltd.

CHINOOK

Phone 12

ALTA

AUCTION SALE

I am instructed by Geo. McFalls, to sell at his farm, Sec. 23-26-7, One mile west and 3-4 mile south of Stimagn School on

THURS., MAR. 14th

His complete line of farm implements and 8 work horses For particulars see posters. Sale starts 1 p.m.

TERMS CASH. LUNCH SERVED.

Geo. McFalls, Owner. J. W. Bredin, Auctioneer

DEPTH GAUGE

Cultivating and Seeding Attachment

Come and see and get particulars of the Depth Gauge Cultivating and seeding attachment for grain Drills, manufactured by L. S. Youngren, of Kinmundy. The supply is limited,

FOR SALE BY THE

Banner Hardware

Chinook • Alta

Beef, Pork and Cured Meats

Fresh Fish Every Day

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU!

Chinook Meat Market

Maintain the Quality of Alberta's Crops

BETTER SEED

means

Better Yields • Better Grades • Better Prices

A special committee appointed by the minister of Agriculture, with the co-operation of numerous organizations in the province, is urging the use this spring by farmers throughout the province of

High Quality, Clean, Tested Seed Grain

in order to reduce the heavy annual losses sustained by sowing inferior seed.

Farmers can co-operate by:

1. Using registered seed wherever available.
2. Using at least high quality commercial seed.
3. Having seed tested for germination and purity.
4. Treating seed for smut.
5. Thoroughly cleaning all grain intended for seed.
6. Seeding only varieties of recognized quality and varieties suitable to the district.

Good seed will be in demand this spring. Secure your requirements early—before the supply is exhausted.

U.F.A. Locals, Boards of Trade, the Wheat Pool, Banks, Commercial Grain Firms, the Press, and many other organizations are working in co-operation with a—

BETTER SEED COMMITTEE

consisting of representatives of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, the Dominion Seed Branch, the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, the Alberta Seed Growers' Association, the C.P.R. Agricultural Department, and the University of Alberta.

D. A. McCannel,

Provincial Publicity Commission, Secretary

LOCAL ITEMS

The Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. Lee on Wednesday, March 13th,

Mr. A. V. Brodine informs us that he sold a Chevrolet Coach to Arthur Jacobson last week,

Chas. Bassenbury of Calgary is here looking after his farm interests.

Rev. Mr. Gay is attending the Presbytery which is held at Drumheller this week.

Messrs. Lee, Meade, Demann and Peterson made a business trip to Drumheller this week.

H. S. Whaley, of Chillimaak district, who has been spending the winter in Manitoba, returned home on Tuesday.

Madames Rennie and Dawson left on Monday for Calgary where they will spend a week or two.

Stuart Jones returned from the hospital on Wednesday. We are pleased to learn that Stuart has been able to do that and wish him a speedy recovery.

A number of young people entertained the Youngstown boys who came here to play hockey on Friday. The evening was spent in playing games and dancing.

Mr. and Mrs. John Cooley left on Friday for Calgary where they will spend two weeks. Mr. Cooley will combine business with pleasure.

Mr. E. J. Ellis, of Coltholme district, sold a cow and four heifers to Mr. Walker of Alsask. The cattle were registered Short-horns. Mr. Ellis also sold a registered 3 year old bull to L. Proudfoot, M.L.A.

Mr. J. K. Sutherland and Mrs. Banner, U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. speakers will speak at the Rearville School, and there will be a dance after on March 19th, in connection with the Langford U.F.A. Ladies bring lunch.

The Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. Lee on Wednesday, March 6th. There was a good attendance. Mrs. Lee and Mrs. Vanhook were joint hostesses. Members answered the monthly roll call by telling "How to keep young." The following took part in the program: Mrs. Nelson, recitation, "Buying a new suit," Mrs. Demann and Mrs. Massey, two duets; Miss Beryl Coakers of Calgary kindly contributed fine solos which were very much appreciated.

Col. Wilson returned from Calgary on Thursday.

W. Fisher, of Hague, Sask., has accepted a position in Cooley Bro's Garage.

Don't forget the Big Dance Friday, March 15th, when the Kindersley five piece orchestra will supply the music.

Mrs. W. S. Butts of Calgary and also Miss Beryl Coakers of Calgary are visiting at the home of Mrs. Butts' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Massey.

Miss Nix Supervisor of the C. G. I. T. for the Province, will deliver an address in the United Church Thursday evening. The young people who are interested in the C. G. I. T. will entertain Miss Nix and have also invited the mothers to attend.

First Interim Pool Payment is Made Basis 12c Bushel

The first interim payment on the wheat from the 1928 crop has been made by the three Wheat Pools of Western Canada. The payment is 12c a bushel on the great bulk of the wheat, and 10c on No. 6 wheat and a few minor grades. The initial payment was \$3c a bushel basis No. 1 Northern, Vancouver.

The Alberta Wheat Pool mailed cheques to its members Feb. 28, the total payment in this province being \$6,410,035 12. This payment covers deliveries recorded to Jan. 31. The interim payment for deliveries since Jan. 31 will be paid in a couple weeks' time, and will probably total \$600,000.00, bringing the grand total payment to over \$7,000,000.

The Wheat Pool has made a practice of making four payments over the year, an initial and three interim payments. These payments are issued at selected times calculated to best suit the membership. The Pool's policy of distributing wheat sales throughout the year requires the carrying of large amounts of the grain in store. No large sums of money realized from wheat sales are ever retained for any length of time. The payments are made as large as possible, every factor being taken into consideration, and the safety of the organization receiving first consideration. The Pool is functioning splendidly and when the crop season closes our members will have received the best average price obtainable on the world's markets for their wheat. Any delivery checking coupons still held by the Pool members forwarded immediately to head office of Wheat Pool, Calgary.

SEE H. HOWTON FOR

Painting & Kalsomining, Furniture Lacquered & Renovated. Sample Wallpaper Books for 1935 are here—see them. A full range of choice papers from 10c per roll up

H. HOWTON, Chinook

Dr. Richardson

DENTIST

Will be in the

CEREAL DRUG STORE

March 11th to 19th

inclusively

Those wishing plates must get impressions the 11th and 12th,

CLASSIFIED ADS.

BABY CHICKS—Canadia's Bred-to-Lay, 100 per cent. Active, Leghorns, \$17.50 per 100; Anconas, and Barred Rocks, \$18.00 per hundred; Rhode Island Reds, \$19.00 per hundred; Wyandottes, White Rocks, Buff Orpingtons, \$20.00 per 100. 12 month poultry course free. Chicks from pen matings, 25c each. Incubators, brooders, free catalogue. First Hatch March 4th. ALEX. TAYLOR'S HATCHERY, 362 Furby St., Winnipeg, Man. 46-9

FARM TO RENT—The S. 1/2 17-28-7 W. 4th, 5 miles South-West of Chinook. 280 acres under cultivation, 140 acres for crop this year, 100 acres of which was summer-fallowed last year. Terms reasonable. A very desirable place for grain-growing and for stock. For particulars apply to Long Prairies, Chinook, Alberta. 46-8p

HOUSE FOR SALE—A three-roomed house, with barn 10x36, on a 50 ft. lot. Apply to Jacob Fickart, West of Livery Barn. Leaving town during summer. 45-6p

FOR SALE—Three turkey gobblers, apply E. J. Ellis, Coltholme, phone 402.

FOR SALE—1927 cats, \$10.00 for seed. Apply N. Courts, N 1/2 9-36-7.

Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable

M. L. CHAPMAN

Chinook, Alta.



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, G.R.A., A.P. & A.M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday on or after the full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

KEITH THOMPSON, W.M.

R. W. WHIGHT, Secretary.

W. W. Isbister General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dies Sharpened Horse shoeing and General Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE CREAM CHINOOK - ALTA.

Chinook Beauty Parlor

First Class Work At Reasonable Prices

Shop Closed Monday

Miss Mae Peterson, Prop.

Phone 5

Walter M. Crockett, LL.B.,

Barrister Solicitor, Notary Public

Youngstown Alberta

J. W. Bredin

Licensed Auctioneer

FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Rev. A. G. Gay, Pastor

SUNDAY, MARCH 10, 1929

Sunday School 9:00 a.m. Divine Service 8:00 p.m.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH

Service Second Sunday Every Month Mass at 8:00 a.m.

I. H. Co. Tractor School

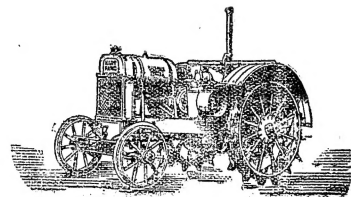
A TRACTOR School will be held at Cereal Community Hall on Friday, March 15th, commencing at 9 a.m. Everybody invited to attend. See Your Local Agent.

C. V. Johnson, CEREAL

A. V. Brodine, CHINOOK

HAVE YOU SEEN THE Hart-Parr Tractor YET?

If not call around and see them and we will explain why it will pay you to own a Hart-Parr



HORSES TAKEN AS CASH PAYMENT

R. D. Vanhook, Chinook Agent

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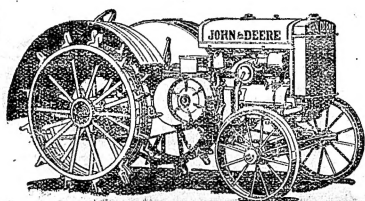
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In the tractor you buy, you want ample power to do your field and belt work in volume that will effect real economies.

But you don't want to drag around a lot of surplus weight, to eat up power, fuel and oil.

It's the successful combination of light weight, strength and power that makes the John Deere the outstanding

value in the tractor field today.

On farms of all sizes, in all parts of the country, this powerful tractor is establishing records for less fuel and oil consumption—for low upkeep—and for continuous, uninterrupted service month after month, year after year—records difficult for other tractors to equal.

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March 11th to 16th
inclusive

Those wishing plates must get impressions the 11th and 12th.

All Spring Goods are Here

Dress Material of All Kinds

G. W. G.

Overalls

Shirts, etc.



Men's

Women's and

Children's Shoes

HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

Spring is Here

Get Your Harness Supplies Now

Collars from \$2.35 to \$7.50 each
Bridles from \$4.50 to \$6.50 per pair
Halters from \$1.15 to \$2.00 each
Sweat Pads, Deer Hair \$1., Oilcloth \$1., Teopacto 60c

Our Prices on all our goods are in comparison with these
I have the best line of men's dress and work shoes I ever carried and will be on display next week

Our New Spring Gloves are HUMDINGERS

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

We Are Prepared to Look After Your

Spring Requirements

Bolts - Iron - Oils - Greases
Formaldehyde

Have You Seen the New Massey-Harris Plow? It's a Dandy!

Banner Hardware

Chinook,

Alta.

Get Your Horses in Shape for Spring

A Fresh Stock of SURESHOT on Hand

Also

Epsom Salts Sulphur Raw Linseed Oil
Stock Food Cow Tonic Poultry Tonic
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Creolin Chloride of Lime Smoking

BRING IN YOUR LIST

E. E. Jacques, Druggist

Insure the Life of Your Car

The depreciation can be greatly reduced if it is housed in a weather proof garage. It is costly economy to only half shelter an investment such as an automobile and no one can afford it. Build that garage now without delay. Let us tell you the exact cost.

A Car of Willow Pickets Just Unloaded

Imperial Lumber Yards Ltd.

CHINOOK

Phone 12

ALTA

Red Rose Tea comes direct to us from the finest tea gardens, then straight to your grocer—brimful of flavor and freshness! Every package guaranteed.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good
In the best package—Clean, bright aluminum

Canada's Financial Position

The financial position of the Dominion of Canada, as revealed by Hon. J. A. Robb, in the budget presented by him to the House of Commons on March 1, is such as to be the source of great satisfaction to all citizens, because, irrespective of party affiliations, every Canadian is intensely interested in the allied subjects of Dominion finances and taxation.

During the war Canada piled up a huge debt for a nation of less than ten million people. The people assumed the heavy burden without grumbling, knowing it to be absolutely necessary, and a price that must be paid to safeguard the liberties of the world, including their own. As war expenditures enormously increased and the debt piled up, it, of course, became necessary to impose much new and heavier taxation, not only to keep the debt as low as possible, but in order to meet heavy annual interest payments upon that debt.

Even after victory was won it was necessary to still further increase the debt in order to bring our armies home from Europe, re-establish the men in civilian life, and make provision for huge sums to be paid annually in pensions. Therefore, for some years the debt continued to increase and heavy taxation to be imposed. At one time it almost seemed that, instead of the debt being decreased, it would go on increasing from year to year.

Recent budgets have, however, been most encouraging, and none more so than that of March 1, last. After meeting all expenditures on both current and capital account, Canada rejoices in a surplus of \$70,000,000, the largest ever recorded since Confederation. And this surplus for 1923-24 follows on the heels of a surplus of \$67,000,000 in the preceding year. The net result is that as loans mature the Finance Minister is in the happy position of being able to pay them off in cash and not forced to borrow by refunding loans. In other words, the debt is being steadily, even rapidly, reduced. In the fiscal year now closing, Mr. Robb paid off \$53,000,000, and he has cash in hand to pay off another \$60,000,000 which falls due next August. Thus in two years \$113,000,000 is paid off the national debt, and about \$60,000,000 a year saved in interest.

Mr. Robb pointed out that seven years ago, on April 1, 1922, the annual interest charge on the public debt amounted to \$133,432,113, whereas on April 1, 1929, the annual charge would be \$117,432,100, a decrease of \$16,000,012.

This very gratifying reduction has been brought about, not by increasing taxation, but, on the contrary, in the face of a steady lessening of that burden. For example, the sales tax, which a few years ago was six per cent, is now only two per cent; the rate of postage has been reduced from three to two cents; the size of incomes exempt from taxation has been increased, and the rates payable on others reduced; the stamp taxes on receipts abolished and on cheques largely reduced; numerous reductions in customs tariff schedules have been made, and now taxes on telegrams, cables, insurance policies, railway and steamship tickets are to go.

It is not possible, of course, to remove taxation as rapidly as it was imposed during the war years, but every year sees some advance in the right direction made. And every such reduction has had a beneficial effect on the business of the country with the result that the lower rates have brought in revenues only slightly smaller.

Reduction in taxation has been made possible through three main causes. First, the care exercised by Mr. Robb over all expenditures which he has insisted be kept down to the lowest possible point consistent with efficiency and the expanding needs of the country. Economy has not been enforced to the point where development of the country was checked, but expenditures on non-productive services have been kept to a minimum. Second, whereas in 1920, 1921 and 1922, the Canadian National Railways were operated at a deficit amounting in these three years to no less a sum than \$148,000,000, in the year just closed, the C.N.R. not only paid all operating expenses, all interest on bonds and debentures held by the public, but accumulated a cash surplus of \$6,000,000. Third, the substantial increase in the trade and commerce of Canada, assisted by reductions in taxation, and the marked development of all branches of industry, has brought larger revenues to the Government.

And the bright, the promising feature of the situation is that all indications point to a continuance of these same favorable conditions throughout the next fiscal year so that the people of Canada can look forward with a large degree of confidence to next year's Budget disclosing another large reduction in the national debt and still further decreases in taxation.

For Influenza

The Liniment That Relieves All Ailments



Highest Timber Line
The highest known timber line is on Mt. Orizaba, in Mexico—14,000 feet above sea level. On the Alps, the Himalayas and Rocky Mountains the trees advance somewhat over 10,000 feet toward the mountain tops. The trees at this height appear to be little more than mangled, wind-blown bushes.

10,000 Bottles a Day

Every day 10,000 women buy a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. They know that there is no better remedy for their troublesome ailments with their accompanying nervousness, headache, "blue" spells, and rundown condition.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

W. N. U. 1776

New Land Under Cultivation

Extensive Areas in Western Canada Are Annually Taken Up

Additional extensive areas are annually brought under farm cultivation in Western Canada. Last year it was estimated a total close to 2,500,000 acres of Canadian Government free homestead lands were taken up by settlers in the four Western Provinces; a total of 35,666 homesteads being filed upon, each of 160 acres, compared with 9,837 in 1927.

There is now one motor vehicle for every 21 of the population of Great Britain.

"Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will drive worms from the system without injury to the child because its action, while fully effective, is mild.

Without Comment
A California authoress sent a manuscript to Ambrose Bierce, with the request that he give her "a criticism in one sentence, and drop further comment." Something was heard to drop all up and down the Pacific coast when he replied: "The cover of your book are too far apart."

Not only does the girl in some districts of Indo-China make the proposal, but with her also lies the initiative for divorce.

Use Minard's Liniment for the Flu.

Not Waste Of Time

Investigating Breathing Of Bees Discloses Interesting Facts About Health

To spend time investigating the question of the bee's breath may seem superfluous, but scientists have determined that besides giving a clue as to the health of the hive in the winter time, in the summer, the breathing is an index to other interesting facts about the colony. Professor G. H. Vansell, of the University of California, rigged an apparatus by which he could measure the carbon dioxide and the water vapor given off by a colony of bees in both winter and summer.

Sore Corns Drop Off If You USE "Putnam's"

When you notice any sign of callosity on the feet or toes, that's the time to paint on a few drops of PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. Do this, and you prevent corns. No matter if the corn is hard or soft. Let it be on top or between the toes. Putnam's will remove it without pain. Insist on PUTNAM'S CORN EXTRACTOR. It does the work—and roots out the corn, quickly and without pain.

Predicts Library Of Aerial Photographs

May Be Created Within Ten Years Says J. W. Pierce

The creation of a library of one million aerial photographs within the next 10 years to constitute a reference inventory of Canada's natural resources was predicted by President J. W. Pierce, D.L.S., at the annual convention of Dominion Land Surveyors at Ottawa when he said that already 250,000 aerial photographs covering areas from coast to coast had been assembled and placed in use for this purpose under the Topographical Survey of Canada, Department of the Interior.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS WIN GREAT PRAISE

Many Mothers Always Keep Them In The House

Thousands of mothers state that they know of no other medicine for little ones to equal Baby's Own Tablets—that they always keep the Tablets in the home as a preventive of childhood ailments, or if sickness does suddenly grip their little ones they feel sure with such a remedy at hand.

Concerning the use of the Tablets Mrs. Donald Plancher, Tinierick, Que., writes:—"I have nothing but praise for Baby's Own Tablets. They are the only medicine I have ever given my two little ones and I am glad to state that the Tablets have always kept them in perfect health. I feel so safe with the Tablets that I always keep a box in the house."

Baby's Own Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative. They regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach and thus banish constipation and indigestion; break up colic and simple fever and make the cutting of teeth painless. The Tablets are absolutely safe, being guaranteed free from all injurious drugs. They are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Our Natural Resources

Wonderful National Heritage Of Untold Wealth Awaiting Development

The natural resources of Alberta are an immense treasure trove. Great industries will some day grow up in the Canadian west. Coal, oil, minerals, lumber, water power, as well as rich agricultural land await the coming of capital and organizing ability to open the Aladdin's cave of untapped natural resources. In the years ahead, before the end of this present century, agriculture may itself have been transformed into something like a manufacturing industry operated largely by industrial chemistry. In the meanwhile, there is any amount of work ahead of the provinces to make the most productive use of the resources which the Dominion government are handing over as part of the west's share of a wonderful national heritage.—Ottawa Citizen.

George Washington's second inaugural address contained 134 words, and is regarded as the shortest in the history of such occasions in the United States.

COUGHS

are Nature's signals warning that resistance is broken and the body undernourished.

Scott's Emulsion

is a blessing to all who need strength. It is the best body vigorous and healthful. Try it!

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 2539

PILES

are quickly
Soothed & Healed
by
Zam-Buk

Western Canada Air Mail

Vote In Parliament Foresadows Important Development

The main estimates tabled in parliament almost certainly foreshadow the establishment this year of an air mail service in western Canada. Bearing in mind the probable cost of the Winnipeg-Calgary air mail service, the increases in the appropriations to be sought by the post office department and the national defence department can be interpreted in no other way than as foreshadowing this most important development.

The vote on the air mail service in the estimates of the post office department is increased from \$400,000 to \$1,250,000 and this is more than sufficient to cover all contracts needed in the western service, likewise the increase in the vote for the establishment of air routes, in the defence department, of \$313,432, is about twice the amount required to construct light beacons and emergency landing fields along the 1,200 mile route from Winnipeg to Calgary and north from Regina to Saskatoon, and from Calgary to Edmonton.

In other respects the main estimates are of great interest to the west. The items for the department of agriculture show very substantial increases. There is an additional vote of \$437,000 for cold storage equipment, \$229,000 for seed grain control and grants to seed farms, \$150,000 for experimental farms, \$180,000 for health or animals, \$10,000 to establish a co-operative branch in the department, and \$25,000 for Canada's share in the newly organized empire bureau of research.

Where Living Is Cheap

Fiji Islanders Work Little And Pay No Rent For House Or Land

Fiji Islanders have a pretty easy time, little work and no rent to pay. The placid life of the Islanders brightens the heavy reading of the annual colonial report for 1927, which has just been issued by the British government.

"Labor conditions do not exercise any considerable influence on the Fijians as a whole," declares the report, "apart from affording additional social amenities. Every Fijian is a member of a land-owning unit, and has the right to use a portion of the tribal lands for planting crops for food and profit, or for raising cattle."

"If he remains in his village, he is provided with a house of native construction, built by the community of which he is a member. Beyond performing his share of the work done for its benefit by the community as a whole, he pays no rent either for his land or his house."

Going Upstairs Had to Sit Down Breath So Short

Mrs. H. Brousseau, Magog, Que., writes:—"For many years I suffered with shortness of breath; then four years ago I had palpitation of the heart, and was so bad I had to sit down two or three times when going upstairs. I read about



so I got a box, and in no time I felt better, so I took three boxes more and I have never had shortness of breath since."

Price 50c. a box at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

His Worry

"I hear you are going to California with your husband, Jane," said Joe Jones to her maid, who was leaving to get married. "Aren't you nervous about the long voyage?"

"Well, mum," was Jane's reply, "that's his lookout. I belong to him now, and if anything happens to me it'll be his loss, not mine."

Village Fire Marshal—I was just reading in this history about the burnin' of Rome.

Head Pipe-man—What started it, chief; crossed wires or a lighted cigarette?

Has Met With Success

Marshall Stillman Movement In States Helps Discharged Convicts To Reform

Possibly few persons could say off-hand what the Marshall Stillman Movement is, and yet it is grappling with, and greatly aiding in the solution of, one of the most pressing social problems in the United States. That of taking care of the convict on his discharge. It strives to catch the former convict just as he leaves prison in a mood of uprightness and to give that mood an opportunity to express itself. Its "clubs" have figured as perhaps the most important feature of its work until recently, but during the last year the question of jobs for its wards has been answered more successfully than ever before by the establishment of enterprises where former convicts alone are employed. The plan has succeeded beyond expectation, and to date, has to its credit a 100 per cent. record of achievement; that is, there have been no backsliders.

Society has in the past been responsible for many first-time offenders becoming habitual criminals. This movement is an effort to enable men who earnestly desire to do so, really to straighten out. — Chicago Science Monitor.

Buffalo Shipped To Italy

Three buffaloes from the government park at Wainwright, have been sent to Italy, where they will be placed in one of the state parks. Prior to their long journey overseas they were segregated for three weeks, during which time they underwent a tanning process. The animals were shipped to the Royal Italian Government.

Minard's Liniment for the Grippe and Flu.

A combined saxophone and bagpipe has been invented. Scientists also discovered a new lethal gas recently.

YOU CAN'T DYE with Good Intentions

You can get results—after a fashion—with any old dye; but to do work you are proud of takes real dyes. That's why we put them in Diamond Dyes. They contain from three to five times more than other dyes on the market! Cost more to make? Surely. But you get them for the same price as other dyes.

Next time you want to dye, try them. See how easy it is to use them. Then compare the results. Note the absence of that red-dyed look of streaking or spotting. See that they take none of the life out of the cloth. Observe how the colors keep their brilliance through wear and washing. Your dealer will refund your money if you don't agree Diamond Dyes are better dyes.

The white package of Diamond Dyes is the original "all-purpose" dye for any and every kind of material. It will dye or tint silk, wool, cotton, linen, rayon or any mixture of materials. The blue package is a special dye for silk or wool only. With it you can dye your valuable articles of silk or wool with results equal to the finest professional work. Remember this when you buy. The blue package dyes silk or wool only. The white package will dye every kind of goods, including silk and wool. Your dealer has both packages.

Diamond Dyes

Easy to use Perfect results AT ALL DRUG STORES

Appleford Paper Products
HAMILTON LIMITED
ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Graphic Story of Manner In Which Record Crop of 1928 Was Conveyed to Markets

Six tons of grain a second! Canada's greatest grain crop was on its way to the four corners of the world. Motor trucks and especially constructed horse drawn wagons were rolling from the harvest fields to the country elevators along the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway. And on September 21st, last, they delivered 6,040,547 bushels representing 181,216 tons or six tons every three minutes. That was a record day in a record breaking shipping season. That was grain. That was also a glimpse, a cross section, of the manner in which the record crop of 1928 was handled from the fields to the elevators, and from the elevators to the markets. The crop of 1928 was the largest in the history of Canada and the Canadian Pacific Railway smashed every existing grain hauling record in getting it to market. The company used more cars and more engines more times; loaded more grain; ran more trains; gave employment to more men than ever before in its history, and even managed during the crop moving period, from August 1st to December 14th, to handle the longest grain train of all time when one engine steamed into Arcola yards dragging 135 loaded cars behind it.

From August 1st to December 14th, the farmers in the prairie provinces marketed 266,295,975 bushels of grain on Canadian Pacific lines, a gross of 62,295,975 bushels more than during any previous season. It came in by the millions of bushels a day, and it was up to the railway to keep it moving. The railway did by loading thousands of cars a day until on December 14, the total cars loaded reached the amazing number of 162,565, surpassing the totals of previous years by 22,575 cars. Railwaysmen from the vice-president down to the junior apprentice in the shops knew that the average grain haul was being exceeded and they worked, reaching the peak of their labors during the nine days preceding October 21st, when 15,415 cars were loaded and moved away, an average of 2,046 a day; and the old records dropped one by one until at the close of navigation on the Great Lakes, eighty-five per cent. of the grain entrusted to the Company for transportation was loaded and moving east to the Atlantic or west to the Pacific Coast. The cars loaded if placed end to end would have made one tremendous artery of grain 1,160 miles long.

Preparation, organization of the best kind alone enabled the Canadian Pacific Railway to cope with the terrific rush of grain. This preparation commenced weeks ahead of time with a close check up of equipment, and general tightening of the belts by those scheduled to do the job. The next step was found in keeping a season distribution of empty box cars from the Winnipeg terminals to the sidings alongside the country elevators. The empty cars and exact number of empties do not arrive at the different sidings by accident. They are placed, keeping with estimates of the amount of grain which will be delivered. On August 1st, last year, approximately 41,000 box cars were on lines west of the Great Lakes, and all during the fall movement they were hauled down to the Head of the Lakes or to the Pacific Coast, loaded and hauled empty to the prairies. The return movement of empty grain cars constitutes one of the busiest problems of the rush period. On the average the Canadian Pacific, in addition to the exceptionally heavy loaded movement, hauled from 1,300 to 1,500 empties west out of Winnipeg daily. The peak of this empty movement serves to illustrate the magnitude of this phase alone. During the seven working days, October 15th-21st, twenty-two trains of empties each composed of seventy cars were rushed west daily in order to meet the marketing demands of the farmers. Canadian Pacific Railway grain cars are much travelled pieces of equipment. The distances in the west are great, and the cars are kept busy. When they weaken, Western shops in Winnipeg, Ogden shops in Calgary, and the Vancouver shops repair them immediately and send them out to the road again. The traveliveness of a grain car is well illustrated by the following facts. A total of 45,000 cars were loaded in the province of Alberta. Of these, sixty-five per cent., or 29,250 moved east to the Head of the Lakes, with an average

road haul per car of 1,000 to approximately 1,200 miles. The balance 15,750 cars moved west to Vancouver, with an average haul per car of from 642 to 836 miles. The loadings in Saskatchewan up to December 14, totalled 76,408 cars and each car had an average haul of 818 miles, while the cars loaded in Manitoba had an average journey of 652 miles. When it is remembered that each car made several round trips a general appreciation of the total mileage will be gained.

The magnitude of the whole undertaking is indicated when it is understood that from August 1 to December 14, the Canadian Pacific delivered 116,811 cars of all grains containing 169,017,697 bushels at the Head of the Lakes, and in addition delivered 16,070 cars containing 21,165,000 bushels at the Port of Vancouver, or a total of 132,881 cars, containing 183,122,565 bushels delivered to terminal elevators for storage.

Will Use Canadian Coal

Products Therefrom Will Dominate Future Markets Says Expert

Coal and the products therefrom will hold predominant position in the economic world within the decade and Canada with its predominance of one-tenth of the world's coal deposits is in a position to dominate the markets of the western hemisphere. Such is the opinion of Sir Arthur Buckham, head of the British mission to Australia, on Empire trade, who is travelling through Canada in a special car on the Canadian National Railways from Vancouver to Toronto.

Sir Arthur, who is an expert on the utilization of coal and its by-products, is emphatic that an era of manufacture, economic utilization of Canada's coal products will place her in a predominant position in the manufacturing world, during the coming decade. Empire production affecting Australia from where he has recently come. Canada, South Africa, India and other sections of the British Commonwealth is in the melting pot and solutions of the problems of the Empire trade are not only discernible but imminent.

Encourage Careful Driving

Suggested That Insurance Companies Allow Rebate Where No Claim Is Made At End Of Term

"Drive carefully and receive a bonus." This was the principle which was endorsed at the recent annual convention of the Saskatchewan Insurance Agents' Association. The convention dealt with the recent enormous increases in the rate for automobile insurance and went on record as favoring the Great Britain plan whereby the assured are allowed a bonus provided at the end of the term no claim for damages had been made. The Saskatchewan delegates felt that the adoption of this plan would encourage more careful driving and would also increase the popularity of automobile insurance.

A Doubtful Complaint

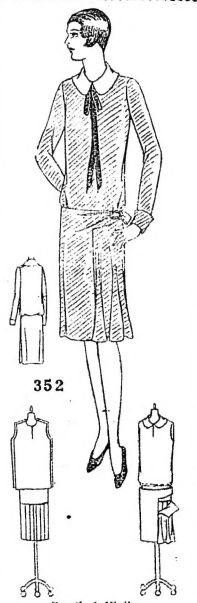
Mr. Hardfax—You seem to be growing prettier each day.

Miss Muggs—Thank you for the compliment. I'm glad you think so.

Mr. Hardfax—Yes, if you keep on this way you stand a chance of being a fairly good looking old woman if you live long enough.

Why choose the lesser of two evils—dodge them both.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union Fashion



Swathed Hipline

Youthful semi-sports type that expresses new femininity in swathed hipline and one-sided draped treatment in skirt. To prove its newness, it chooses sheer tulle with plain woven for turnover collar, and grosgrain ribbon for tie. Style No. 352 is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years. 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust and is easily made, and is as practical as it is smart. It is very attractive in lustrous crepe satin in black, tansie red silk crepe, Royal blue rayon velvet, printed rayon velvet in wine-red tones, and black wool jersey. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

We suggest that when you send for this pattern, you enclose 10 cents additional for a copy of our Fashion Magazine, showing all the most attractive Paris styles, embroidery, etc.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Mother: "Rupert, darling, when you divided those five sweeties with cousin Eleanor, did you give her three?"

Rupert: "No. I knew they wouldn't come out right, so I ate one, and then began to divide."

The Girl: "You don't know who I am, do you?"

The Child: "Yes. I do—you're the back part of my brothers motor-bike."

A New Race Of Beef Animals

A Mixture Of Yak, Buffalo and Domestic Cattle

The yak, a native of the plateau of Tibet, is being used by the experimental farms in a hybridizing experiment to mingle the blood of the buffalo and ordinary cattle. After many attempts to make direct crosses between cattle and the buffalo, failure was the result owing to reproduction difficulties. The yak has been introduced as an intermediary and hopes are entertained that a hardy, beef producing animal will be evolved for grazing in northern territory. The report of the Dominion Animal Husbandman for 1927, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, contained an account of the work so far accomplished. This breeding work is being carried on at Watnright, Alberta. The Dominion Animal Husbandman states in his report that the experiment, in so far as it has gone, has been remarkably successful as shown through the numerous excellent individuals combining the blood of the yak and buffalo, the yak and domestic cattle, and their offspring now coming, combining the blood of buffalo, yak, and domestic cattle.

World's Biggest Banks

Out Of The Twelve Most Important Two Are Canadian

Which are the biggest banks in the world? Most people, we suppose, would be inclined to say that these would be found in the United States. But they would be wrong. Information on the subject has been obtained in France showing the relative position, according to deposit liabilities, of the largest banks of the British Empire and of the United States. The figures, which are compiled mainly from American sources, show that out of the 12 most important banks in the world eight are British (two Canadian), and out of the six great banks with more than £200,000,000 in deposits the first five are British, the sixth on the list being American.

Prefer Trial By Judge

New Japanese Take Advantage Of New Jury System

The surprisingly few defendants who have taken occasion to ask for trial by jury and the fact that appeals from the jury verdicts have been based on the claim that the judge was prejudiced are two of the outstanding results of the five-months' trial of the jury system in Japan.

Only 26 cases have gone to the jury since October 1, when trial by jury became effective in all parts of Japan. The defendant is not required by law to be tried by jury, but is given his option of this form or the older form of trial by judge.

Wanted Her Change

A woman travelling northward from Banbury pulled the communication cord when the train had left the station some distance. The train was stopped, and when the guard made inquiries the woman stated that she tendered a boy sixpence for an apple on Banbury station platform and wanted her change.

Indication Of Prosperity

The purchasing power of the people of Canada increased by \$500,000,000, during 1928, when the revenue from the productive industries reached the record total of \$6,840,278,995, an increase of about \$500,000,000 over 1927.

Health Is a National Asset, More Valuable Than Crops, And Must Be Conserved

(By Dr. Gordon Bates, General Secretary, Canadian Social Hygiene Council)

Alteration In School Lands Sales Policy

Little Demand For Them At Present Says Minister Of Interior

A change in the policy of Hon. Charles Stewart, minister of the Interior, in regard to the sale of school lands, has been announced. The statement issued by the department reads as follows:

"The Minister of the Interior has recently received representations from stock associations to the effect that the Saskatchewan ranchers should be allowed the same measure of consideration as the Alberta ranchers received in connection with school lands which form an integral part of their ranching operations."

"The minister says that from the results of the Alberta sales held last fall, it is quite apparent that there is very little demand for such lands at present at the minimum upset price, which is \$7 per acre, and under the circumstances it has been arranged with the provincial authorities that on the request of the holder, school lands will be withheld from the forthcoming spring sales where they abut on two or more sides the holdings of permittee of the school lands."

Is the life of a farmer worth as much to Canada as the life of a stockbroker in a big city?

Then why is that so much more money is spent on safeguarding the stockbroker's life and health than the farmer's?

Why is it that to keep the stockbroker healthy, the big city has an efficient medical health officer, working all day, every working day in the year, and an excellent health department, while the farmer has only an overworked, part-time county medical health officer to advise him about what to do in order to keep from getting sick?

Of course, it is an excellent thing that the city people should have their big health organization to protect them against typhoid, smallpox, diphtheria and all the other diseases that kill so many thousands of Canadians, every year, long before they have lived out their three-score-and-ten.

For it has been proven beyond a doubt that in Toronto, for just one instance, there would be 2,700 more deaths every year if it were not for the activities of the Toronto Medical Health Officer and his staff, in keeping sickness down and saving lives from disease.

But if that is the case, and it undoubtedly is, then why shouldn't people in the country, and in towns and villages share in all these life-saving advantages? Their lives are just as important to Canada as the lives of city dwellers. We are all Canadians. Yet, every year, in rural and semi-rural Canada, thousands of lives are lost that could have been saved, if these places had the same public health work done for them, that the cities have.

The answer is that public health work, though it saves lives, costs money. And the big cities have the money to spend while the rural counties have not.

But is that altogether fair? Already many prominent Canadians are beginning to decide that it is not. More and more, people are beginning to take their health as a national asset, more valuable than gold mines or railways, and as valuable as crops and rain, and that it must be conserved.

In Quebec, where people began to feel this way some time ago, they organized "County Health Units," small, full-time medical health departments. Since then, the counties protected by the "County Health Units" have had fewer deaths and fewer cases of sickness than ever before. Their health has improved amazingly. Hundreds of lives have been saved.

What has worked in Quebec will work equally well all over Canada. Sooner or later every part of Canada will have County Health Units. Even now a plan is being worked out, and it is hoped that it will be adopted, whereby the Dominion and the provinces will combine to help the counties to pay full-time County Health Units.

Some such plan must inevitably be put into effect. Until it does, valuable lives are being lost each week in rural Canada, lives that the country can ill afford to lose. Lives that could be saved, if country people had the same chance that city people have.

Sweden Receives Radium

Six grams of radium, valued at \$303,000, have just arrived in Stockholm from Belgium. They were purchased with a part of the Million Dollar Jubilee Fund, which was collected by Swedes at home and abroad as a gift to King Gustaf, on his 70th birthday.

"Did you notice that man with his hat down over his nose?"

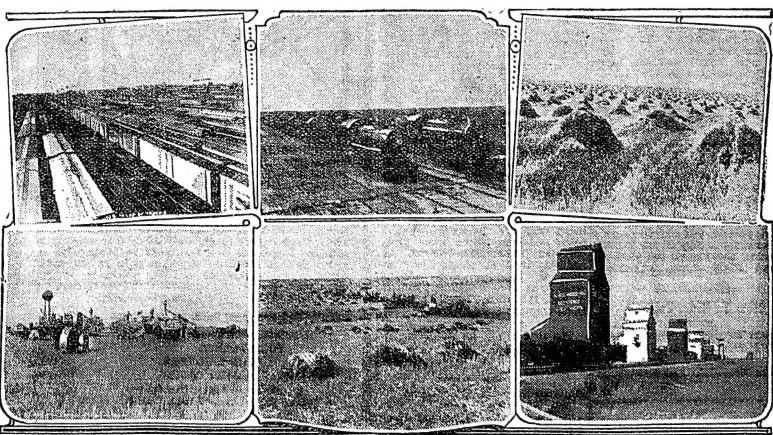
"Yes, it makes it easier for him to talk through both at once."



"Once a week I am going to play whist in the luncheon hour."

"There you go! I can see you dying a suicide's death at Monte Carlo."—Jugend, Munich.

MOVING WESTERN CANADA'S RECORD CROP



Busy scenes during the moving of Western Canada's record crop over the lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Company smashed all existing grain hauling records this year in rushing the crop to world markets. The views show concentration of grain cars and locomotives and typical scenes in the wheat fields during the harvest.

Wife (sighing): "I would that I were a little bird."

Husband: "Yes, then I would bring the cat in."—Humoristickie Listy, Prague.

Ever **Pure**



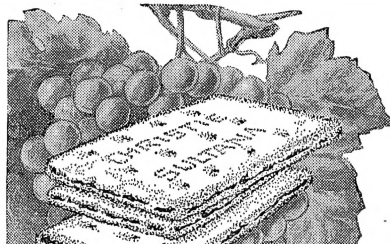
BLUE RIBBON BAKING POWDER

Makes Pastry Delicious—Ensures Success

World's Poultry Congress

Canada To Be Well Represented At Big Event In London In 1930

Canadian poultry breeders will exhibit in the neighborhood of 1,000 birds at the World's poultry congress to be held at the Crystal Palace, London, in July, 1930, according to F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman and president of the World's Poultry Science Association. Canada will also enter an educational exhibit. Hon. Dr. W. R. Motherwell, Minister of Agriculture, has named an executive committee, composed of the various Provincial Ministers of Agriculture, with H. B. Donovan, internationally-known poultryman, as chairman. There will also be various sub-committees with their respective chairmen.



Christie's Sultanas

Packed full of plump Sultana Sultanas, all *sublime* (a Christie special secret) and retaining the natural flavor of fruit fresh from the sunny vineyards. That's just one reason why Christie's Sultanas are so exceptionally delicious.

In the store or on the phone, always ask for

Christie's Biscuits

The Standard of Quality Since 1853

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The French Parliament has ratified France's signature to the Kellogg renunciation of war pact by a vote of 570 to 12.

There were 2,300,000 unemployed in Germany on February 15, an increase of 50,000 since the end of January, official figures show.

The year 1928 was a disastrous one for Canadian hall insurance companies, the loss ratio being 100.39 per cent. of the premiums, according to official figures released at Ottawa.

Announcement is made by the Canadian Bank of Commerce that arrangements have been made to open a branch at Fort Churchill, Man., the eventual terminus of the Hudson Bay Railway.

France notified the League of Nations that she is in favor of a British proposal for an opium inquiry in the far east by a committee of experts. She will contribute \$5,000 to the expenses of this inquiry.

The question of the provision of a submarine telephone cable between England and the United States, Canada, and Newfoundland, is likely to be a matter of early consideration by the British postal authorities.

Edmond J. Massicotte, well known Canadian artist, died at his home at Saint-Alex, Quebec, Que., after a short illness. He was 53 years of age. Massicotte was known chiefly through his pen and ink sketches of Canadian subjects.

A total of \$9,814,531.65 was spent in 1928, in grading, track laying, and ballasting on the Canadian National Railway lines according to a report tabled in the House of Commons by Hon. Charles Dunning, minister of railways.

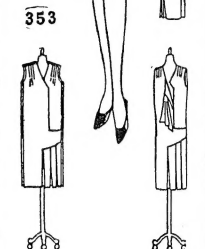
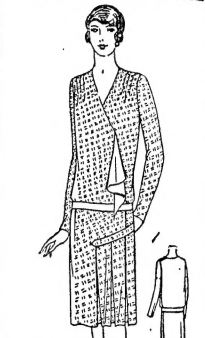
Newly Married Man (inebriated and apprehensive).—"I wonder what my wife will say when I get home?" His Friend—"When you've been married as long as I have, of man, you'll know beforehand."

Examination Of Mine Prospects Likely

British Columbia Will Legislate To Protect Investors

Legislation designed to protect investors in British Columbia mines is being introduced in the Provincial Legislature by the Government. It will force all new mining companies to file copies of their prospectuses with the mines department as soon as they are issued so that the department may act immediately against any misleading statements about mineral properties.

The new law is designed to speed up the issuance of official statements and so prevent "wild cat" promotions from obtaining the public's money before they can be quashed.



Winnipeg Newspaper Union

353

Nothing more lovely, or any smarter, than this attractive one-piece dress of patterned wool jersey just busy daytime wear. It is cut in such a clever manner that it gives the idea of a hip yoke. The plaited section in skirt and jabot full, which is of plain jersey, are only extra parts to pattern, with a stitched applied band above plait. Best of plain jersey nips normal waistline. Style No. 353 is designed in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust, and is made with 2 1/2 yards of 36-inch material with 3/4 yard of 36-inch contrasting for the 36-inch size. Sheer tweed, home-spun, wool crepe, printed sheer velvet, plain velvet, crepe satin and cotton crepe are becoming fabrics suitable for its development. Pattern price 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

We suggest that when you send for this pattern, you enclose 10 cents additional for a copy of our Fashion Magazine, showing all the most attractive Paris styles, embroidery, etc.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 275 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Address

City

ABOUT YOUR NERVES

Headaches and Other Troubles Follow When the Nerves Give Way

Nerves are delicate fibres running from the brain to all parts of the body. Some of them give us the sense of touch and feeling; others convey the will to our muscles and enable us to move. When we have an "attack of nerves" it means that the body is in some way out of order and the nervous system is over-sensitive so that we get neuralgia, nervous headache, sciatica, or some other nerve trouble. Sometimes the nerves get too weak to do the will of the brain, and we get trembling hands or limbs, or perhaps St. Vitus dance. The whole nervous system is fed and kept healthy by your blood. If that is thin and poor because of weakness follows. In that case a tonic is needed to build up the blood, so that it may in turn feed the nerves, spine and brain. The very best medicine for enriching the blood is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You cannot take them without feeling the uplift they give. Your appetite improves, your brain is clearer, you feel full of new life. One sufferer, Miss Margaret R. MacDonald, Catonsville, Md., U.S., tells what this medicine did for her. She says:—"I suffered for a long time from severe headache and nervous exhaustion. I tried several kinds of medicine but got no relief until I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and these, before long, gave me complete relief. From my own experience I feel that I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills too highly, and would advise anyone who is suffering from headache or nervous exhaustion, to give them a fair trial, as I feel sure the results cannot be anything but satisfactory."

Take these pills as a tonic if you are not in the best physical condition and cultivate a resistance to disease. You will keep you well and strong. You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Asthma No Longer Dreaded. The dread of renewed attacks from asthma has no hold upon those who have learned to rely upon Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. So safe do they feel that complete reliance is placed on this true specific with the certainty that it will always do all that its makers claim. If you have not yet learned how safe you are with this preparation at hand get it today and know for yourself.

One of the world's largest dams has been constructed on the Indus river, in India, for irrigation purposes.

Internal parasites in the shape of worms in the stomach and bowels of children sap their vitality and retard physical development. They keep the child in a constant state of unrest and, if not attended to, endanger life. The child can be spared much suffering and the mother much anxiety by using a reliable worm remedy, such as Miller's Worm Powders, which are sure death to worms.

The Japanese alphabet possesses two sets of characters—katakana for the use of men, hiragana for women.

The Oil Of The People.—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

At Crousse, a Turkish captain has been sentenced to a year's hard labor for opposing the new alphabet introduced by Mustafa Kemal.

Sores Flea From It.—There are many who have been afflicted with sores and have driven them away with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. All similarly troubled should lose no time in applying this wonderful remedy, as there is nothing like it to be had. It is cheap, but its power is in no way expressed by its low price.

The first patent for the manufacture of wallpaper was taken out in 1692.

Minaid's Liniment prevents Flu.

Turkey possesses important forest resources, chiefly in the northern districts of Anatolia.

W. N. U. 3776

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 17

THE CHRISTIAN SABBATH

Golden Text: "For the Son of man is Lord even of the sabbath." Matthew 12:8.

Lesson: Genesis 2:2, 3; Exodus 20:8-11; Matthew 12:1-14; 23:1-10; John 5:1-18; Acts 13:14-15; Romans 14:5-6; Revelation 1:10.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 92:1-5, 12, 13.

Explanations and Comments

Reverence the Sabbath, Exodus 20:8-11.—Remember the Sabbath day, to keep it holy: The root meaning of the word, *sabbath*, is "to separate." Verse 11, is "to separate"; the Sabbath day is to be separated from other days by the way it is spent. Six days shalt thou labor, and do all thy work.

There are many persons whose difficulty in keeping this fourth commandment lies right there—they are too lazy to work the six days. The commandment lays stress upon working as well as upon rest. "Every man is as lazy as he dares to be," is an oft repeated saying which is not without some measure of truth. "Life without industry is sin," declares Ruskin. The tragedy of many a life is that time is not felt to be a trust for whose use he must render account. "Tis the measure of a man—his apprehension of a day."

"You keep the sabbath in imitation of God's rest. Do, by all manner of means, and keep also the rest of the week in imitation of God's work."—Ruskin.

The seventh day is a sabbath unto Jehovah thy God; in it thou shalt not do any work. The seventh day is to be distinguished from other days by the cessation of labor. "The sabbath was made for man," Jesus declared. The needs of body, mind and spirit require one day of rest in Exodus. The reason given here in Exodus for the distinction to be made between the first six days and the seventh is that God, Himself, labored at creation and rest the seventh day, wherefore God hallowed it, separated it from the other days for special holy uses.

"The setting apart of one day in seven for rest and worship was due, primarily, to the fact that the human machine will run six days with ease and regularly if it can rest on the seventh day, but it will creak and break if it is pushed on through every day alike. The duty of rest is quite as imperative as the necessity of work. The individual or the race that disregards this law pays the penalty."—Amory H. Bradford.

Noted Explorer Dies

Surgeon Captain Edward Atkinson, commander of the Antarctic expedition that found Captain Scott and his companions and brought back the records in 1912, is dead at the age of 46 years. He served with the Grand Fleet in the war at Gallipoli and with the Howitzer Division in France, earning the D.S.O. and mention in despatches.

New Form Of Identification

Teeth prints have been added to finger prints and foot prints as means of identifying criminals. When inquiring into a burglary at a priest's house at Odense, Denmark, the police found teeth marks in a sweet in the form of a marzipan pig. A suspect's teeth were examined and found to tally with the marks on the candy.

ACHES



WHEN a cold or exposure brings aches and pains that penetrate to your very bones, there is always quick relief in Aspirin. It will make short work of headaches or any little pain. Just as effective in the more serious suffering from neuralgia, neuritis, rheumatism or lumbago. No ache or pain is ever too deep-seated for Aspirin tablets to relieve, and they don't affect the heart.



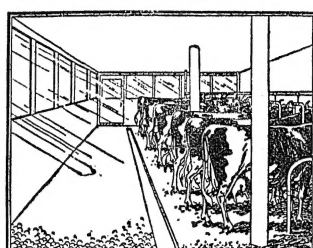
ASPIRIN

Aspirin is a Trademark Registered in Canada

WINDOLITE

The Improved Glass Substitute

MADE IN ENGLAND



WINDOLITE stands for 100 per cent. sunlight. It makes bright, strong windows for cattle sheds, dairy stables, poultry houses, brooders and all out buildings. It is economical, unbreakable, flexible and is easy to cut and fit. It is now being successfully used for sunrooms, verandahs, schools, factories, hospitals, sanitariums, cold beds, plant coverings and greenhouses. It keeps out cold—will not crack or chip—cuts with an ordinary pair of shears and is easy to fit. WINDOLITE is supplied in rolls any length but in one width of 36 inches only. A square yard of WINDOLITE weighs about 14 lbs., while a square yard of glass of ordinary thickness weighs about 135 to 150 lbs. The improved WINDOLITE requires no varnish. WINDOLITE is made in England.

Price \$1.50 Per Square Yard, f.o.b., Toronto.

Use WINDOLITE and let YOUR PLANTS YOUR CHICKENS YOUR CATTLE Bask in 100% Sunlight Send for booklet "WINDOLITE"

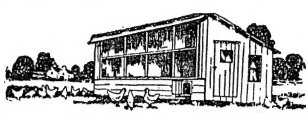
COMES WITH A MESSAGE OF HEALTH

THE sun is the all-powerful life producer. Nature's universal disinfectant and germ destroyer, as well as stimulant and tonic. WINDOLITE is the sun's most important ally.

Medical research has definitely proved that from the point of view of Health and Hygiene, the most effective among the sun's rays, are the Ultra-Violet rays, which possess the greatest power for the prevention and cure of disease and debility.

Science has further established that ordinary window glass does not allow the passage of Ultra-Violet rays, so that by using glass you are artificially excluding these vital health-giving rays. Therefore, the invention of WINDOLITE has completely satisfied the long-felt want. Exhaustive experiments have conclusively proved that it is a most effective substitute for glass, that it freely admits the Ultra-Violet rays, and that its use has a most beneficial effect on the growth and development of plants and children and on the well-being of cattle, enabled for the first time to have healthy light instead of darkness in their sheds.

Indeed, the discovery of WINDOLITE has during the last six years completely revolutionized gardening, given a new stimulus to poultry breeding, increasing the egg-laying capacity and fertility of chickens, has greatly improved the health of cattle and is now being used in domestic and household requirements.



Distributors: JOHN A. CHANTLER & CO., LTD. 51 Wellington St. W. TORONTO, ONT.

Are You Ready



When your Children Cry for It

Baby has little upsets at times. All your care cannot prevent them. But you can be prepared. Then you can do what any experienced nurse would do—what most physicians would tell you to do—give a few drops of plain Castoria. No sooner done than Baby is soothed, relieved, is just a matter of moments. Yet you have eased your child without use of a single doubtful drug. Castoria is vegetable. So it's safe to use as often as an infant has any little pain you cannot pat away. And it's always ready for the cramps, colic, or constipation, or diarrhoea; effective, too, for older children. Twenty-five million bottles were bought last year.



WOULD BAR U.S. FARM PRODUCTS FROM CANADA

Ottawa.—Parliament received a suggestion as to how Canada can meet increased United States tariffs against Canadian farm products.

The method, suggested by Hon. Hugh Guthrie, acting Conservative leader, would be in the first instance, to stop the importation of farm products into Canada.

Secondly, to supply those agricultural products which are now imported into the Dominion from Canadian farms.

Mr. Guthrie, in making this suggestion to the government, stated that the Dominion is now importing agricultural products from the world to an annual value of approximately \$60,000,000. To the United States, he said, Canada sells annually farm products valued at slightly over this sum. If the United States closes its doors to Canadian agricultural products, Canada could close hers on similar products from the world. The Dominion is in a position to supply her own home needs.

"To accomplish that," declared Mr. Guthrie, "all we need is a government with some courage; all we need is a government with some resolution; all we need is a government that has the real interests of the people, of the farmers of Canada, at heart."

The acting Conservative leader submitted to the house that "there is something seriously wrong in regard to the trade of this country with the United States." The Dominion was now buying too much from the country to the south and selling too little. Canada found herself with an adverse trade balance, insofar as her transactions with the republic were concerned, amounting to \$333,000,000. Mr. Guthrie said he realized that the United States market was the most convenient for Canada, and in many respects the very best market in which to sell Canadian farm products.

"But," he added, "if the tariff of that country is raised so high that we cannot enjoy that market, then we will have to shape ourselves to enjoy the Canadian market to the fullest extent and at the same time to seek other markets throughout the world. In order to do this, however, we shall need to have a fair application of the principle of protection in our customs tariff."

Receives Medal From King

Red Cross Insignia Personally Conferred On One Of His Nurses
Dugout, England.—King George personally conferred the insignia of the Royal Red Cross, second class, on Nurse Davis, one of the five who attended him during his illness.

His Majesty had the medal of the order specially sent down from London, so he could present it as a token of his appreciation for the unselfish care and attention of Nurse Davis, who is leaving on her holiday.

Attempt To Salvage Plane
Copenhagen.—Four members of the Hobbs' expedition in Greenland, have left Mount Evans, Greenland, on an attempt to salvage the aeroplane of Bert Hassel and Parker Cramer. The plane came down last summer 12 days' walking distance from Mount Evans, where the Hobbs' expedition was wintering. Word of the salvage attempt was radioed to the newspaper Ekstrabladet.

Bank Receives Charter
Ottawa.—Approval has been given by the banking and commerce committee of the House of Commons to the charter application of Bank of Canada (Limited). The headquarters of the bank, which is capitalized at \$500,000, will be in Montreal. Sir R. L. Borden, former premier of Canada, will head the institution.

A Record Production
Ottawa, Ont.—Mineral production in Canada reached a record in 1925 with a total of \$273,446,864. This surpasses the 1924 figures by \$26,080,169 or 10.5 per cent. Advances were general in all fields; metals non-metals, fuels and structural materials. Figures were made available at the Dominion bureau of statistics.

Smallpox In Bombay
London, England.—An epidemic of smallpox which has caused 247 deaths in 500 cases since the beginning of the year, has alarmed Bombay. Twenty vaccination stations have been established and 6,000 vaccinated since January.

W. N. U. 1776

May Enable Women To Keep Nationality

Bill Introduced In British House Regarding Marriage With Aliens

London, England.—A bill to enable a British woman marrying a foreigner to retain her nationality unless she declares her desire to assume the nationality of her husband was introduced in the House of Commons by Miss Ellen Wilkinson, Labor member for Middlesbrough East.

The bill is only retroactive with regard to British women who have married aliens and they would automatically become British citizens again unless they declare their wish to retain the nationality of their husbands.

Master Mariner Dies

Captain William Sanderson Came To Vancouver In The Eighties

Vancouver.—Death of Captain William Sanderson, pioneer Canadian Pacific Railway Company master mariner, has broken a link between the present and an earlier shipping era on the Pacific Coast. Captain Sanderson, for whom funeral services were held in Vancouver, was a native of Liverpool, and came to Vancouver in the 80's, a boatswain of the old "Empress of India" on the liner's maiden voyage. He remained in the employ of the Canadian Pacific here until his retirement some years ago.

Prince Given Power To Invest Knights

Will Conduct Two Ceremonies On Behalf Of King This Month

London, England.—The King by royal warrant has authorized the issue of letters patent empowering the Prince of Wales to confer the honor of knighthood at royal investiture ceremonies at St. James' Palace, March 26.

The Prince of Wales has been empowered to conduct two investiture ceremonies on behalf King George at St. James' Palace on March 26 and 27.

Farm Loans For B.C.

Loans May Be Made Available For Agriculture By First Of May

Victoria.—Farmer loans should be available to British Columbia agriculturists by May 1, according to an announcement given out here by Dr. J. D. MacLean, chairman of the Canadian Farm Loan Board.

The chairman of the board stated that nominations for places on the provincial loan board had been made by the provincial government and will be considered by him and his colleagues immediately. The names of the provincial nominees were not revealed.

Would Retain Dole
London, England.—First reading has been given in the House of Commons to a bill which makes migrants from Britain still entitled to unemployment insurance benefits. The bill provides that a migrant who goes overseas but remains within the Empire, should receive unemployment pay for a period up to two years.

Accepts Radio Agreement
Ottawa.—Word has been received by Alex Johnston, deputy minister of marine, that Newfoundland has accepted the radio agreement concluded by Canada, the United States, Newfoundland and Cuba, covering the short waves. Cuba and Mexico have yet to be heard from.

Appeal Is Dismissed
Toronto.—The appeal of Arvo Vaino, editor of Vapaus, Finnish newspaper published at Sudbury, Ont., from a conviction in that city on a charge of publishing seditious libel, was dismissed in second division court.

Ex-President Will Write
New York.—Curiosity as to what Calvin Coolidge would do on returning to private life was at least partially satisfied by announcements that contributions from his pen would appear in two magazines.

Celebrates Birthday
Toronto.—Toronto celebrated its 95th birthday March 6, having been incorporated as a city by act of the legislature, which received royal assent March 6, 1834. In 1831, Toronto had a population of 9,254.

France Bans Trotsky
Paris.—It was learned here that the French cabinet, at a secret meeting, refused to grant an application from Leon Trotsky, for permission to reside in France.

Opposes Intervention

Premier Baldwin Against Direct Governmental Intervention In Mining Industry

London, England.—Direct governmental intervention in the mining industry would not be advantageous, Premier Baldwin told a deputation from the Miners' Federation, according to the joint report of the proceedings at the meeting recently issued. Mr. Baldwin expressed the opinion that amalgamations and other forms of re-organization in the industry were progressing satisfactorily.

The most urgent matter requiring attention, he said, was the transference of the surplus miners to other industries. He appealed for the co-operation of the Miners' Federation with the government schemes in this matter.

To Ban Poison Gas

Germany Prepared To Sign Agreement Prohibiting Use Of Gas In Warfare

Geneva.—Germany, which introduced the horrors of poison gas on a large scale during the world war, has announced to the world that she is prepared to sign a protocol prohibiting the use of asphyxiating gas in warfare.

The announcement by Dr. Gustav Stresemann, German foreign minister, sent the regular March session of the League of Nations council off to an auspicious start in its efforts for world peace.

Stresemann said Germany would ratify the protocol shortly. August Zaleski, Polish foreign minister, announced that Poland also would ratify the protocol.

RESOLUTION ON RESOURCES IS FINALLY ADOPTED

Ottawa.—After a stormy career, the Woodsword resolution on natural resources, in amended form, finally passed the House of Commons. Debate on the resolution and on the numerous amendments which followed its introduction, has held up consideration of the budget for several days.

The resolution finally emerged, after the buffeting which it has received, in a very different form from that which it was moved in. As originally drafted and presented to the House by J. S. Woodsword, Labor member for Winnipeg North Centre, it set forth "that in the opinion of this House, no disposition of the natural resources, under the control of the federal government, shall be effective until ratified by Parliament."

The resolution as approved by Parliament, reads as follows: "That, in the opinion of this House, no further disposition of water powers under the control of the federal government in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, shall be made under the Dominion Water Powers Act, but the said water powers shall be administered by the respective provinces under powers to be granted by this Parliament similar to the powers granted to the province of British Columbia to administer the water powers in the railway belt, as set forth in the railway belt water act of 1912."



To Picture Score of Cultures

Eighteen racial groups will contribute to the Great-West Canadian folk-song festival which is to be held in Regina, March 20-23. Serbians will dance the Kola; Charles Marchand will lead the Etyoum Troubadours in French Canadian folk-songs; Poul Bad, Danish baritone will render Viking songs; Jean Gould and her pupils will represent Scotch and Welsh varieties. Who, looking at the picture above of Walter Teuberg and Lina Gaert in the Dutch scene would think this move for the blending of national cultures other than worth while?

RECEIVES CONGRATULATIONS



Dr. Donald MacGillivray, pioneer missionary in China, who is receiving congratulations on the fortieth anniversary of his entrance into the Chinese mission fields.

Hoover Is Starting Prohibition Drive

New President Plans To Clean Up National Capital

Toronto.—A special despatch to the Mail and Empire, from Washington, says:

"President Hoover will begin his prohibition enforcement drive in Washington. He will confer at an early date with the commissioners of the district of Columbia and urge them to clean up the national capital. Another step will be to appeal to all public officials to refrain from patronizing boot leggers and drinking. His drive here may result in stopping many hosts and hostesses from serving drinks at dinners attended by public men and women.

"During the Coolidge regime Washington entertainers gradually curtailed use of strong drink at parties, but Mr. Hoover will further discourage the custom."

Wins Dog Derby

St. Godard First To Cross Line In Northern Manitoba Classic

The Pas, Man.—In the most sensational finish ever witnessed in any dog derby, Emile St. Godard, youthful "musher" of international fame, finished in the renewal of The Pas dog derby association 200-mile non-stop derby.

St. Godard reached the finishing line on the Saskatchewan river at 11:09 p.m. His time for the 200-mile course to Pin Flon and return was 30 hours 59 minutes.

Earl Brydges, another local entrant, finished second, only three minutes behind the famous St. Godard, after fighting an uphill battle during the early hours of the night.

Killed By Avalanche

Erivan, Russia.—Thirteen persons were killed and many injured in an avalanche in the Armenian village of Zangur, advised received here recently by stated. Several houses were destroyed by the avalanche, which was reported due to heavy snowfalls in the region.

Ice-Bound In Baltic Sea

Copenhagen.—Christian X., King of Denmark, Queen Alexandrine and Prince Knud, arrived here after spending the night aboard a ferry ice-bound in the Baltic Sea. The ship took twelve hours to make what ordinarily is a two-hour voyage from Warnemunde to Gjesler.

Compulsory Voting Law Is Considered

Workings Of Australian Law Being Studied By Committee

Ottawa.—Compulsory voting has been under consideration by the special committee of the House of Commons which is dealing with amendments to the Dominion Elections Act and the Corrupt Practices Act. No decision as to the principle involved will be made until sections are drafted suitable to Canadian conditions. Dr. T. E. Kaler, Conservative Ontario, read to the committee the sections of the Australian act which he said was working satisfactorily. In the last election in that country 91 per cent. of voters on the lists had attended the polls as compared with 78 per cent. in the previous election. With the assistance of A. Boy, Conservative, Simcoe, North, Dr. Kaler is to draft sections suitable for inclusion in the Dominion Elections Act.

The Australian Act provides a penalty of £2 for failure to vote, if no reasonable excuse can be given for such failure.

Question Validity Of Pension Law

Quebec Opinion Considers Federal Pensions Act Ultra Vires

Quebec.—Legal opinions furnished to the premier of Quebec as to the federal old age pension law raised the constitutional question as to whether or not the Dominion government has power to use its monies to pay to the provinces a part of the cost of such a scheme as the old age pension law.

This is the information which Premier Taschereau gave to the Quebec legislative assembly when debate was resumed on a motion for production of documents relating to the pensions scheme.

Mr. Taschereau has consulted three constitutional authorities in the matter, Eugene Lafleur, K.C., Alvin Goffin, K.C., and Louis St. Laurent, K.C. Mr. St. Laurent gave it as a definite opinion that the federal law is ultra vires, the premier said.

Seek Potash Deposits In British Columbia

Prospectors Being Encouraged By Smelter Company At Trail

Victoria.—The Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company which wants potash for its new fertilizer industry on which it is entering on a large scale at Trail, B.C., announced measures here for the encouragement of prospectors in the unearthing of potash deposits believed to exist in British Columbia.

The Consolidated will make a free analysis of samples for prospects and to aid in the identification of samples, deposits are being placed on display here and in Vancouver. A booklet on potash and its occurrence will also be sent from Trail to anyone desiring it.

EARLY END OF MEXICAN REVOLT IS PREDICTED

Mexico City.—A speedy end of the rebellion against the administration of Provisional President Portes Gil was predicted in an official government bulletin recently.

The bulletin said that General Jesus M. Aguirre, leader of the revolt at Vera Cruz, had been deserted by most of his soldiers, who had returned to the support of the government and were fighting their former leader.

Announcement also was made that the federalists had re-captured Monterey, the strategic centre in Nuevo Leon, had taken Cordoba, in the State of Vera Cruz, and would in a few days be in full possession of the gulf port of that name.

Washington.—The Mexican government situation is causing more anxiety in Washington than anything else since the Nicaraguan revolt. Men in high government and senate circles state frankly that the revolt has a very good chance of overthrowing the Mexican government.

This might result in the United States having to undertake another expedition with marines into a Latin country. The Nicaragua experiment proved so unpopular with the average American that the government is not anxious to repeat it. But the protection of American nationals and their property in Mexico will be the first consideration.

PLANES ASSIST IN OPENING UP NORTH COUNTRY

Winnipeg.—The exploration of hundreds of thousands of miles of Canada's northland in the search for minerals, both by aeroplane and by waterways, with interesting details of the vast country traversed and the hardships encountered, was vividly related by John E. Hammell, internationally-known mining man; George M. Douglas, mining engineer, of Lakefield, Ont., and L. B. Bolton, assistant deputy minister of mines, Ottawa.

These three men, eminent in the field of mineral development, addressed the afternoon session of the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy.

The great part being played in the exploration and development of mineral areas by the aeroplane was testified to by Mr. Hammell, who is a director of the Northern Aerial Mineral Exploration Company. Planes of his organization had covered one hundred thousand miles of flying from Ungava to the Yukon without a single air casualty, he said.

There are four outstanding advantages of aeroplane travel, which he outlined as follows: Safety; affording communication by field parties with district engineers; increased morale, because worry and labor of transportation is removed; and fourth, with aerial observation geological boundaries could be outlined by engineers and experienced prospectors.

Mr. Hammell dramatically told of the great value awaiting those bold enough to strike deeply into the new areas where rich mineral finds could be made, and of the possibilities afforded young Canadians in the northland.

Mr. Douglas dealt with an exploration trip made along the little known southwestern shores of Great Slave Lake which he traversed in 1928.

The trip was disappointing from the viewpoint of economic geology, said Mr. Douglas, but it served a useful purpose in eliminating the necessity of further prospecting in the areas known to be barren of economic minerals.

The forest reserves, however, were vast, and with great power resources, sawmills and paper mills were a matter of certainty in the near future, he said.

New Scholarships Offered

Acceptance To Be Considered By University Of B.C.

Vancouver.—A \$1,000 scholarship in economics, effective for three years, with a free study trip to the Orient, will be possible for students at the University of British Columbia, through an offer by H. E. MacMillan, Vancouver exporter. The offer will be considered by the board of governors of the University shortly. By means of the scholarship Mr. MacMillan hopes to promote the study of Oriental trade and business conditions on the Pacific.

Wants Churchill Site

Winnipeg, Man.—The Manitoba government has opened negotiations with Ottawa for taking over the Churchill townsite. Hon. D. G. McKenzie has told the C. P. McKenzie to talk over the question with officials there. He will also visit Toronto to discuss rural hydro electric rates with officers of the Ontario hydro system.

Radio Helped Unemployed

Berlin.—The first German attempt to get employers and unemployed together by radio succeeded beyond hopes of those fostering it. The municipal employment offices had more jobs than men. In answer to appeal over government radio station for workers, several thousand jobs were filled.

Huge Seizure Of Narcotics

New York.—Narcotics worth \$1,000,000 at the price addicts pay were seized as they were being shipped by express to distributors of the underground drug trade in the south and west. Four men, one of them said to be a professional bodyguard to gangsters, were arrested and held in high bail.

Too Hot In India

London, England.—It is learned here that Lord Bunsford, member of Sir John Simon's Royal Commission on Indian statutory reforms, has been overruled by heat and is returning to England from India where the commission has been sitting for some months.

Aerial Search For Gold

Flotilla Of Planes Are To Explore
Northwest Territories

Two or more new Fairchild cabin biplanes are due to arrive in Edmonton within the next month. These are but two units of a flotilla of aeroplanes of Dominion Explorers Limited, a recently-formed syndicate which plans to prosecute an intensive aerial search for gold throughout the northwest territories, with a flying base at Tazewell, within the Arctic circle on Hudson Bay, and a territory of 60,000 square miles, reaching from the Bay to Alaska, with the Arctic ocean as its northern boundary.

Sheer across the territories the search will run. It will dip south and west from the Mackenzie river up the Liard river into the famed and mysterious Nahanni country. It will seek out the hidden gold in the solitary Barren Lands, and will pry valuable rock from beneath the snow that fringes the grim Arctic itself.

High test gasoline for the aeroplanes has already been ordered from the Imperial Company in Edmonton, to be dumped at strategic points along the rivers of the north.

One such base will be at Froehner Lake, 200 miles northwest of Waterways, and it is reported that the company has secured two of the prospectors who went into the Nahanni country last summer, piloted by Captain H. A. Oakes, of the N.A.M.E. Company.

At Tazewell, on Hudson Bay, 1,600 miles north of Winnipeg, and far beyond Fort Churchill, the explorers, headed by Captain Charles Sutton, with a party of some 15 aviators and geologists, are already housed in seven double-walled shacks.

Three Fairchild biplanes, a tractor, an auto, 10,000 tons of coal, gasoline and food caches, blankets, clothing and lumber have been taken in, and considerable work was done last year.

The explorers are a subsidiary of the Thayer-Lindsay Company, a Canadian syndicate with vast resources of capital and experience.

From the air promising locations will be mapped, and surveyors and miners will be rushed in to open up claims.

Banner Year For Sheep Owners

Prices Have Been Most Remunerative
During The Past Season

"In the main Canadian sheep owners have experienced another banner year," state officials of the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers, in a summary of the 1928 situation. "Prices for both wool and lamb have been most remunerative, the wool clip averaging from 5 to 25 per cent above values for the previous season, and lamb prices fully equal to the high level a year ago. The sheep population of the country has shown a steady increase, with excellent gains in the four western provinces and Ontario.

Still Indebted To Britain

Only two modern peoples have ever repudiated their state debts, Soviet Russia and the United States. The debts repudiated by the latter, following the Civil War, were contracted to build bridges, roads and schools. The principal and interest still owed, mostly to British bondholders, would wipe out several yearly instalments of Britain's debt to the United States. Some great United States newspapers hope that their country's national conscience may recognize a duty in this direction.

The soy bean originated in Manchuria, where it has a history of some 5,000 years. It was introduced into America about the end of the eighteenth century.



"Mummy, where do missionaries and cannibals go when they die?"
"Missionaries go to Heaven and cannibals go to Hell."
"But suppose the missionary is made the cannibal?"—H. Travas, London.

W. N. 1. 1774

Hotbed For Early Plants

Specific Instructions For Making and
Starting the Hotbed

If one wishes to have tomato plants and annual flowers well advanced for setting out when the warm weather arrives, the plants should be started in a hotbed. A simple frame for such a bed is made out of two-inch planks. It should be so constructed that it may be raised as they grow get too close to the glass. The frames should be at least six inches higher at the back than at the front in order that the rain will run off readily. It should face the south so as to get the maximum of sunshine. It should be made to suit the size of sash one has available. For home garden use, a double window awning over the hotbed should be made so that the sash sits squarely upon it. A hotbed may be made either above or below ground. If above ground and located on the south side of a building, or close board fence so as to be protected from cold north winds. A pit of 18 inches deep where the water will not lie, makes a very well and the frame should be set on top of the soil. As heating material, horse manure is the best to use. It should be piled in a fresh state near where the hotbed is to be and when it begins to heat it should be turned to make it of more uniform consistency. If the manure is very strewy it will not heat quickly, and may get too hot later on. Five or six days after turning it should be quite hot and is now ready to use.

The bed is started from one end, and the manure shaken in from a fork so that the long and short manure will be well mixed. It is important to tramp in each layer until the required depth is reached. From one foot to one foot and a half is depth enough after the middle of March. After the manure has been put in the frame should be placed on, and then about four to six inches manure put in and banked well around the sides of the frame both inside and out. Outside the manure should be banked to the top of the frame, and from twelve to fifteen inches in width. The bed is now ready for the sash. Shelters made of one-inch lumber, the same size as the sash, are used for covering them as they help to conserve the heat in cold weather. In two or three days the sash should be removed, the manure given a tramp all over making it level and then soil should be put on.

The soil should be rich and of light loamy character and should be put on from five to six inches in depth and levelled evenly. In five or six days the hotbed will be ready for the seed, but it is necessary to wait until the temperature has fallen between 60 and 80 degrees. If the heat rises above this the sash may be raised a little each day. A thermometer thrust in the soil is necessary to determine the temperature. When the bed has reached the right temperature the soil should be spaded over a couple of times, the surface levelled and made fine with the rake. The seed may now be sown in rows about four inches apart and the same depth as one would sow the seed in the open garden. Ventilation at this stage and afterwards must be carefully watched to avoid too high or too low temperature. In the soil it should not get below 50 nor above 85 degrees. Such watering should be given as will keep the soil in nice moist and not wet condition. Instructions for pricking and handling the plants are contained in Circular No. 83, entitled "Hotbeds and Cold Frames," available at the Publications Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Japanese Millionaires

There are 3,000 millionaires in Japan, according to figures prepared by a reliable financial authority at Tokio. Out of the fifty wealthiest men in Japan, 29 are living in Tokio. When one speaks of a millionaire in Japan, one refers to the possessor of a million yen, which corresponds to approximately \$500,000.

Not To Be Expected

"Edward you disobeyed your grandmother when she told you just now not to jump down those stairs." "Grandma didn't tell me to do that. The only one who told me to do that was 'I wouldn't jump down those stairs, boys,' and I shouldn't think she would!"

Germany has a new 10,000-ton cruiser, said to be the most powerful afloat. But under the Treaty of Versailles, Germany can only have eight of them.

You can say this in defence of the modern girl she dearly loves the spinning wheels.

Controlling Noxious Weeds

Farmers Should Take Extra Pains
To Secure Clean Seed

Any farmer would be highly incensed if he found that in the mill feeds or concentrates purchased there was some extraneous matter that would prove poisonous or injurious to his live stock. Farmers, on the other hand, will purchase and commit it to the soil without regard to the contents and with complacent indifference to the character or number of weed seeds thus distributed. Seeding a farm down to any one of the primary noxious weeds is a more serious matter than the loss of one or two head of live stock.

The Seed Branch at Ottawa has laboratories strategically located throughout Canada where samples of seed, up to three in number, are analyzed free of charge. A full report is made on the condition of the seed and on its weed seed content. Canada thistle, rag weed and a score of other unwelcome weeds, like the poor, we have with us always. But it is a serious matter to bring in bladder campion, sow thistle, twich grass, catchfly, mustard and others of the kind that have driven men from their farms.

It is better to be safe than sorry. The easiest way to control weeds is to keep them out of the land. Why poison the farm?

Building Outline In West

1928 Building Program Was Largest
In Many Years

According to data tabulated by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the value of building authorized by cities during 1928, was considerably greater than in any other year since this record was commenced in 1920, aggregating \$219,105,815, as compared with \$184,613,472 in 1927.

In Saskatchewan, building authorizations were at their peak since the boom of 1912, rising from \$7,828,571 in 1927, to \$13,449,826 in the year under review, or by 69.6 per cent. Alberta showed a gain of 90.6 per cent. over 1927, with a total of \$10,222,570.

The British Columbia aggregate of \$24,465,163 was 14.8 per cent. larger than in 1927.

Clair: "I want to get a new song—'Funnyface.'"
Assistant (in music shop): "You're not so good-looking yourself."

Immense Trade Possibilities

Unlimited Market For Canadian
Wheat and Flour In The Orient

The trade is there. It is up to us to go after it. This is how R. D. Williams, of Vancouver, who recently returned from a tour of the Orient described the possibilities which exist in the far east for Canadian trade. The speaker, in address before the Vancouver Board of Trade, pointed out that there are approximately 140,000,000 people in China, 70,000,000 in Japan, and 300,000,000 in India providing a market of 800,000,000 people. Stating that Canada had only three trade commissioners endeavoring to promote Dominion trade with the far east the speaker said that Canada should have more representatives there to protect her interests.

Canadian flour, the speaker said, had developed a large trade in China, but it was sold by either American or Japanese firms. In many cases it was sold as "American flour." Mr. Williams stated. The Chinese feel that anything that comes from the coast is American and Canada was doing nothing to offset this impression among the Chinese, the speaker claimed. K. W. Johnson, suit commissioner in Shanghai, was another speaker at the Vancouver meet and pointed out that instead of rice the Chinese were now turning to flour and if each of the 400,000,000 people in China could be reached with one bag of flour a year, Canada and the United States would be unable to meet the demand.

Only Recipe For Happiness

Problem Is Solved When You Make
Others Happy

People are always chasing after happiness, and it is always eluding them. They hunt for it in all sorts of queer corners—fame, riches, sport, love, friendship, and what not—but they come no nearer to it than grasping its tail. If they would only stop thinking of being happy themselves, and start planning how happy they can make someone else, they would soon find the problem solving itself. The way to get happiness is to give it.

The German government has inspected teachers from Argentina to inspect the schools of Germany.

England Pays More For Australian Wool

Cleaner Than Canadian Product and
Loses Less In Shrinkage

Many wool growers in Canada cannot understand why the Australian wool commands a better price in England than Canadian wool, and do not realize that there is a great difference in shrinkage between the two products," stated W. H. J. Tisdale, Assistant Manager of the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers, to the School of Marketing, United Farmers' Building, Toronto. Mr. Tisdale had been telling the "class" of the great strides made by Canadian wool growers in producing better qualities, and had mentioned the fact that the Canadian product could compete on an equal basis with the Australian wool; the only difference being a matter of shrinkage. "But wool from Australia loses only 30 per cent. in shrinkage," he said, "and the Canadian wool loses some 60 per cent.—that is for wool greasy weight—you naturally expect that the Australian product will bring a higher price. This is due to climatic conditions and to the fact that the Australians have raised the weight of clips through better breeding."

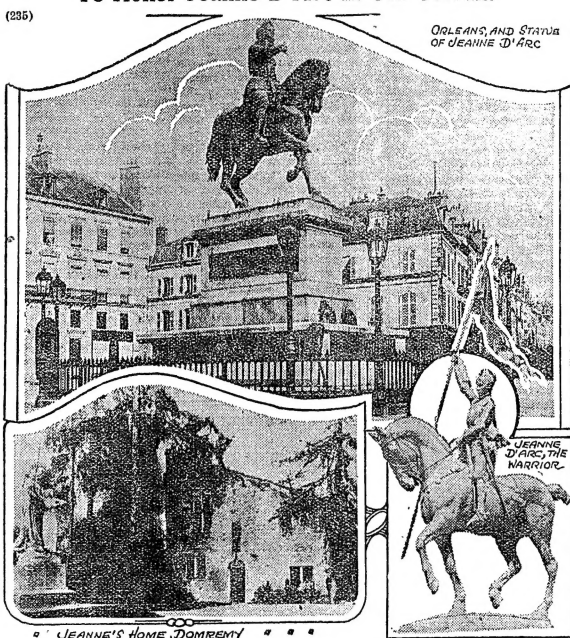
"Canadian wool has not yet reached a stage where it could be considered clean," he continued. "Many of the growers still persist in sending in wool that contains burrs, alfalfa, straw and seed. This, of course, lowers the grade of their wool, as it costs more to have to clean the shipment, and sometimes it is almost impossible to remove these foreign elements. The grower could overcome this, as many have, by following feeding methods that assure a clean fleece."

Worked For Low Wages

England's oldest man, William Walker, of Nottingham, is dead at the age of 107 years. Walker went to work at 12 years of age as a bricklayer, but though he worked until he was 86 years he never earned more than about \$5.25 a week. When he was that age he went on strike for an increase of one cent an hour, and failed to get it, so he never worked again.

"How much are these packets of pins?"
"One penny, madame."
"But I thought there was a sale on?"

To Honor Jeanne D'Arc in Old Orleans



Orleans, that historic town in north central France, will be the mecca this year of thousands of Canadians and Americans of French descent, for 1929 commemorates the 500th anniversary of the deliverance of the city of Orleans by the martyr-ess Jeanne D'Arc, probably the greatest heroine in history, who was burned at the stake by the English because they believed she practiced witchcraft. So great was her influence with the army of France that riding at the head of some 4,500 men she succeeded in entering Orleans on the 29th of April, 1429. So inspired were the Frenchmen under her that

after stubborn resistance the English finally became discouraged and evacuated the city. It is admitted that the extraordinary pluck and sense of leadership of the "Maid of Orleans" was responsible for the French victory. To commemorate Jeanne's heroic exploit, a series of civil, military and religious fetes will be held on the 7th and 8th of May, including additional events, such as a tournament of jousting, after the fashion of knights of old; in which mounted warriors in all their plumes and armor will rush at one another with tilted lance to gain the favor of the "Indes fayres" witnessing the contests. Pageants representing French history of the

past five centuries will have a place on the 15-day programme, and arrangements are already being made to accommodate the heavy influx of expected tourists.

Anticipating the desire of many French-Canadians and Americans of French origin to visit the ancient city of Orleans during the festival period, several steamship companies have arranged their sailings so as to include arrivals in France in time for the pageant. The Canadian Pacific Steamships, for instance, have assigned the "Empress of Australia" to sail from New York, April 17; the "Metagama," from Saint John, N.E., the same day, and the "Montcalm" from the same port, April 24. t

Canada's Tourist Traffic Increases

Number Of Cars Entering Canada
From U.S. Increasing Rapidly

The official figures on the number of tourists' automobiles which entered Canada in 1928, have been awaited with considerable interest. In the release by the Department of National Revenue, of figures for the number of foreign automobiles entered at customs' ports, is found full confirmation of the increase in tourist traffic forecasted by the earlier statements of various provincial authorities. There was an increase of nearly 500,000 in the number of cars which entered Canada last year, compared with 1927, the 1928 total of 3,445,453 motor cars comparing with 3,155,800 in the earlier year.

The mere statement that 1928 was a record breaking year for tourist travel in Canada does not do full justice to the figures, comments the Department of the Interior, through its Natural Resources Intelligence Service. This service, which has been closely in touch with the tourist traffic through a great volume of personal correspondence and the issue of hundreds of thousands of maps and tons of tourist literature, is naturally keenly interested in the official figures on motor car entries.

Actually the number of automobiles which entered Canada last year was just more than fifteen times as great as ten years ago, the number in 1918 being 237,863. The rapid development of the tourist traffic in the last three years is shown by a gain of over 1,500,000 in the number of cars visiting Canada annually.

The Natural Resources Service is not so much interested however in the total of the tourist traffic in the character of the traffic. The latest figures naturally include a great many automobiles which crossed at border points in the thickly populated areas of the East for a stay in Canada of 24 hours duration or less. In this particular there was a gain of more than 288,000 cars last year, as compared with 1927.

What is of much greater interest is that the official statistics show a gain of 202,000 in the number of automobiles carrying parties into Canada for a stay of from 24 hours to six months. This is the greatest increase on record and whereas in two years of the last ten the total number of foreign motor cars entering Canada showed a decrease, it is significant that in the number of visiting cars remaining in Canada for a vacation period the total has been constantly up, the annual increases ranging from 15 to 57 per cent.

Origin Of Fountain Pen

Primitive Instrument Found By Excavators In Egyptian Tomb.
The modern fountain pen is said to have originated in the land of the Pharaohs, 4,000 years ago. Excavators in an Egyptian tomb uncovered a primitive instrument consisting of a section of reed of the diameter of a lead pencil, about three inches in length and mounted on a long piece of copper.
The nib of the pen was cut away to a fine point like an ordinary quill pen. The narrow tube of the reed served to hold in reserve a small quantity of the writing fluid, whatever it may have been.

Too Good To Let Slip

Mother: "Johnny, how dare you strike your little sister!"
Johnny: "Auntie, please!"
Auntie: "Nonsense, Johnny; I said if you did I would never kiss you again."
Johnny: "Well, I couldn't let a chance like that slip."
Mrs. Pester—Oh, dear! I paid \$3 for this steak and it's so tough we can't eat it. And I pounded it for half an hour, too.
Her Husband—Pounded the steak! Why didn't you pound the butcher?



"What! Nothing in the drinking water tank?"
"Don't worry I soaped myself well first."—Duen Humor, Madrid.



When Pain Comes

What many people call indigestion is very often merely excess acid in the stomach. The stomach nerves have been over-stimulated and food sour. The corrective is alkali, which neutralizes acids instantly. And the best alkali known to medical science is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained the standard with physicians in the 50 years since its invention. One spoonful of this harmless,

tasteless alkali in water will neutralize instantly many times as much acid, and the symptoms disappear at once. You will never use crude methods when once you learn the efficiency of this. Go get a small bottle to try. Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

THE CRIMSON WEST

Published by Special Arrangement With Thomas Allen, Publisher, Toronto, Ont.

CHAPTER XVII.—Continued.

Wild berries, dead ripe, hung on lush drooping branches. A soft "prut-prut-kwi-kwi" came from the leader of a covey of grouse that were feeding on the tiny fruit of a crab-apple tree. The call was answered by a shy note from one of the young birds, who probably was being taught the scale.

The summer had been one of exceptional dryness. For weeks there had been no rain, and a blazing hot sun had poured its fiery rays from a cloudless sky. The heavy mountain dews could not penetrate the close standing timber, and the carpet of needles and moss became dry as tinder. A pall of smoke, from fires raging on the Coast, hung over lake and mountain.

For Wilkinson and his men these were anxious days. They covered the section between the mill and Squamish twice a day; scanning the hillsides and valleys, ever watchful, ever on the alert; pleading and exhorting the settlers and loggers to greater vigilance, and all the while praying fervently for rain.

Donald had posted a notice that any employee found smoking in the woods would be immediately dismissed. Logging creates a vast amount of debris, or "slash," as it is known to the men of the woods. With the assistance of the Forestry men, Donald's crew had piled enormous heaps of slash on the hillside, awaiting a favourable opportunity to burn. These menacing piles of brush extending along the main road for a quarter of a mile, were a constant source of danger. Every precaution, therefore, was taken. The spaces between the mounds of brush were raked clean, the road was patrolled day and night, and pails filled with water were placed at regular intervals. Special notices stating the great danger of fire, and warning not to smoke in this area, were posted conspicuously on tree and stump. The mill at Cheamuk had closed. Sparks from the donkey engines had threatened the extinction of both plant and timber.

Donald with Wilkinson stood surveying the piles of dangerous waste. "If a fire starts and we can get to it at once, we will be all O.K.," said Wilkinson, "but if it ever gets away from us here," pointing down the road, "no human agency can stop it. They made the rounds of the patrol to satisfy themselves that the watchmen were attending to their duties. Leaving the main road, they scrambled through the tangled masses of tree-tops to ascertain how far distant the slash had been removed from the standing timber. Suddenly a tiny wisp of smoke was seen to

drift from behind a fir tree at the edge of the clearing. Without comment, both men broke into a run. Aroused by the crashing footsteps, a young man, who had been lying stretched lazily on the soft moss, came quickly to his feet, a cigarette held in his fingers. His companion, also smoking, lay with his back against the bole of a tree a few feet distant. Fishing rods, creels, landing-nets and the remains of a lunch lay scattered on the ground.

"Don't you know better than to smoke here?" blazed Wilkinson. The fisherman brazenly replaced the cigarette between his lips. Wilkinson's arm shot forward like a flash to pluck the offending weed from the mouth of the astonished youth. "I wish we had a law to prevent smoking in the woods. I would take great pleasure in arresting you," he growled savagely as he plucked the fire from the cigarette and ground it under his heel.

Unnoticed by the Forest Ranger, the second man removed his cigarette furtively and with a flint of his hand thrust it behind him as he rose to his feet.

"You are too damned officious! You have no authority to prevent us smoking," he said angrily, as with clenched fists he advanced beligerently.

Wilkinson was near the breaking point. The weeks of worry, the long hours of arduous toil, and the lack of sleep had frayed his nerves. "Damn you!" he flared, "if it's a fight you want, Ho! here I come!" He braced off and started. "My God! look!" he shouted. A flare of flame shot from the spot where the cigarette had fallen. A breeze rustled through the trees to fan the flame to a drumming roar as a pile of slash caught fire. The Red Terror was loosed.

"The alarm!" cried Wilkinson. "Fire!" shouted Donald as he stumbled to the road.

"Fire!" repeated the nearest patrolman.

"Fire!" rang the cry down the line until the call reached the mill, and every whistle was loosed in a screaming bedlam of sound to blanch the cheeks of these hardy men, who knew the awful terror of this devastating devouring, fiery scourge that blasts the wilderness with smoke and ashes and takes its toll of both man and beast. Men dropped their tools and ran to answer the call.

The trapper's dogout shot swiftly across the lake.

Comie lay reading in the shade on the whistler's first call for help. A moment later, seated astride her cayuse, she was galloping down the hill. Every man, regardless of position, answers the call to fight fire. When a forest fire is raging the forest ranger is an absolute sovereign. He can call the lawyer from his desk or the labourer from the ditch, but seldom does he need to exercise this power, as every good citizen is willing to help stay the deadly scourge. Meanwhile the fire was leaping from heap to heap of the powder-like slash to cross the road and sweep up

the hill with incredible speed. With a throbbing roar it hissed to the tree-tops and rushed up the mountain. Stifling smoke enveloped the fire-fighters. Showers of burning bark pelleted them from above.

"To the mill!" Wilkinson shouted; "we can do nothing here."

The men at the mill fled swiftly to their stations, and the big hoses poured torrents of water on roof and wall. Big jets curved up the hill to drench the dry, hot earth.

In short, quick sentences Wilkinson outlined his plans.

"We will try to stop it on the north at the river, on the south with fire-breaks, and at the track on the east by back-firing. On the west we have to let the fire take its course until it burns itself out on the cliff above." His voice rose in sharp command as he sent the men to their posts. Donald with twenty men under him was set to work digging a fire-break on the south side. A "fire-break" is made by spading up the leaf-mould and humus down to the mineral soil and raking all inflammable material back from each side.

The fire was advancing rapidly and the heat was terrific. Choking and gasping in the stinging resinous smoke, the men strove in frenzy of haste to complete the fire-break before the flames should reach them.

A deer with a fawn at her heels came bounding in terror through the screen of smoke. Grouse and songbirds made a common escape from a common enemy feared by all. Rabbits, wild-eyed, scuttled in fear; squirrels and chipmunks joined in the hurried flight. Many of these smaller birds and animals would be finked and lost.

Comie, proud that she could be of assistance, dashed back and forth carrying messages for Wilkinson to the different fronts.

(To Be Continued.)

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

ECONOMY PUDDING SAUCE

- 1 tablespoon cornstarch.
- Few gratings lemon rind.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup sugar.
- 1 cup boiling water.
- 2 tablespoons butter.
- 2 tablespoons lemon juice.
- Few gratings nutmeg.
- Few grains salt.

Mix cornstarch, lemon rind and sugar; add water, gradually, stirring constantly, and boil five minutes. Remove from fire; add lemon juice, butter and seasonings.

BOW-MAN'S BAKED HAM

- 1 thick slice of ham.
- 2 apples.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup nectar raisins.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ cup brown sugar.
- $\frac{1}{4}$ cup water.

Place ham in baking dish, cover with raisins, then with apples, cut in slices. Sprinkle sugar on top, add water, cover and bake in moderate oven 45 minutes or until ham is tender.

Corns are painful growths. Holloway's Corn Remover will remove them.

Making Movies Educative

Bulgarian Ministry of Education Supports Well Equipped Picture Department

Bulgarian Ministry of Public Instruction, has presented a new bill to Parliament providing for the encouragement for all moving picture houses. The Ministry of Education has a moving picture department, supplied with automobiles, films and other necessary equipment, as well as lectures. Picture units work among the remotest towns and villages, giving shows in the open village squares. But they are altogether insufficient, and the Government wants to expand the movement.

A good seat in a good movie theatre in Sofia costs 10 cents. In the school movie shows a child may get a good seat for two cents and an adult for three. School children are not permitted to go to any movie at night.

Canada Leading Customer Exports of Ayres from Great Britain last year totalled 176. Canada was, as formerly, the leading customer, taking in all 93 head. Exports to other countries were: Kenya Colony, 31; South America, 14; Denmark, 13; South Africa, 12; United States, 11, and Ceylon, 3.

Aluminum crest cars, lighter and quieter than the heavy steel cars now in general use, are being tried in several cities in the United States.

Black peppermint was first grown commercially about 60 years ago and has now almost entirely superseded the white.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

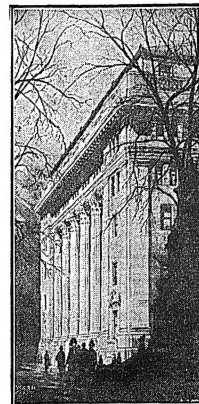
A TOWER OF STRENGTH

1928

Assurances in force (net)	- \$1,896,915,000
An Increase of \$408,925,000	
New Assurances Paid for	- 441,244,000
An Increase of \$112,836,000	
Total Income	- 144,747,000
An Increase of \$41,972,000	
Surplus earned during the Year	- 40,264,000
Payments to Policyholders and Beneficiaries	- 49,920,000
Surplus and Contingency Reserve	- 66,938,000
An Increase of \$9,157,000	
Total Liabilities (Including Paid-up Capital)	- 422,020,000
Assets, at December 31st, 1928	- 488,958,000
An Increase of \$87,652,000	
Rate of Interest earned on mean invested assets (net)	6.58%

DIVIDENDS TO POLICYHOLDERS INCREASED FOR NINTH SUCCESSIVE YEAR

The Company has also inaugurated the practice of paying a special maturity dividend on participating policies, ten or more years in force, terminating by death or maturity.



EXTRACTS FROM DIRECTORS' REPORT

... After deducting amounts re-assured, the total assurances in force now amount to \$1,896,915,934.37, an increase of \$408,925,254.48. Policies in force number 633,240, and in addition 136,293 certificates of assurance are held by employees of corporations and firms under the group plan.

While every field of operation contributed its full share to these impressive advances, the rapid development of our business in Great Britain and the United States is especially noteworthy. The generous reception of our Company in countries served by powerful domestic institutions is particularly gratifying, as testifying to widespread appreciation of our record and service.

The amount paid to policyholders since organization, together with the amount at present held for their security or benefit, exceeds the total amount received from them in premiums by \$111,370,229.10.

The strength and resources of the Company have been still further enhanced.

The net rate of interest earned on the mean invested assets, after making provision for investment expenses, has risen to 6.58 per cent. Dividend increases, bonuses and stock privileges, accruing on many of the Company's holdings, contributed substantially to this gratifying result.

A net profit of \$11,028,854.59 has been realized from the redemption or sale of securities which had risen to high premiums.

The securities listed in the assets have been valued at figures substantially below the value placed on them by the Government. This under-valuation of our securities represents an important safeguard against possible adverse market fluctuations, additional to the reserves specifically provided against that contingency.

We are again able to report that on the bonds and preferred stocks listed in the assets, not one dollar,

due either as interest or as dividend, is in arrear for a single day; while the dividends accruing to common stocks exceed by several million dollars those payable on the same stocks at the time of purchase.

The surplus earned during the year, based on the values given in the accounts, amounted to \$40,264,088.52.

\$10,000,000, has been deducted from the already heavily marked-down value of securities, as additional provision against possible fluctuations, increasing the amount so set aside to \$20,000,000.

The special amount set aside as a liability to provide for unforeseen contingencies has been maintained at \$12,500,000.

\$15,822,339.65 has been paid or allotted as profits to policyholders during the year.

After making all deductions and allocations, \$9,157,966.34 has been added to the undivided surplus, bringing the total over liabilities, contingency accounts, and capital stock, to \$54,438,862.48.

The continued prosperity of the Company enables our Directors to announce, for the ninth successive year, a substantial increase in the scale of profits to be distributed to participating policyholders during the ensuing year.

In addition, your Directors have inaugurated the principle of granting a Special Dividend on participating policies maturing after having been in force ten years or longer. This new bonus will enable policyholders or beneficiaries whose withdrawal is occasioned by the maturity of policy contracts, to participate in the accumulated surplus which has not as yet been considered prudent to divide.

The effort to provide life assurance at the lowest net cost obtainable has been increasingly appreciated. Our policyholders will be gratified by this further evidence of our desire that the Company's property shall be fully shared by its members.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Three Hazardous Jobs

Railroad Worker, Steel Worker, and Miner Are Great Chances

The three most hazardous jobs in America are those of the steel worker, the railroad yard worker, and the miner, reports the Bureau of Labor Statistics. Other hazardous occupations are glass blowing, slaughtering, and meat packing, and work in lumber planing mills.

During the last year the number of accidents were reduced in almost every industry. However, one worker in 16 suffered injury, losing an average time of 71 days. For every fatal accident there were 155 minor ones. The total time lost during the year due to accidents was more than 19,265 years.

Mrs. Sam Speers Tells How Cuticura Healed Her Baby

"When baby was three days old he started to break out with eczema. It began with very small pimples which later festered and broke and then scaled over. When he was twelve days old he was almost entirely covered with eruptions. The affected parts seemed to itch and burn so that I had to keep mittens on his hands to prevent him scratching his face.

My mother advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The skin and scalp seemed to be soothed and in two months he was completely healed." (Signed) Mrs. Sam Speers, Innisfree, Alberta.

Cuticura Soap, a world-famous aid to beauty, cleanses and purifies the skin and restores the tone of the natural, fresh and wholesome beauty. Its daily use maintains them in a delightfully healthy condition.

See an Ointment of the Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

Little Helps For This Week

"Truth shall be thy shield and buckler."—Psalm xci. 4.

Get but the truth once uttered, and it is like A star new-born that drops into its place.

And which, once circling in its placid round, Not all the tumult of the earth can shake.

—James Russell Lowell.

Delight no less in truth than life.

—Shakespeare.

Goldsmith: For my part, I tell the truth and shame the devil.

Johnson: Yes, sir; but the devil will be angry. I wish to shame the devil as much as you do, but I should choose to be out of the reach of his claws.

Goldsmith: His claws can do you no harm when you have the shield of truth.—Boswell's Life of Johnson.

Roads In Canada

A total of 6,020 miles of road was constructed during 1927, and 44,419 miles were maintained under provincial patrol or gang maintenance systems.

There is coal in almost all of the islands of the north and much of that area is favorable to mineralization, in the opinion of George F. Mackenzie, former gold commissioner in the Yukon.

Hurricanes which blow at a rate of 80 miles per hour exert a pressure of 32 pounds per square foot.

Success is not made by lying awake at night, but by keeping awake in the daytime.

Minard's Liniment For Coughs and Colds.

To Boost Edmonton

New Industrial Association Has Begun Organized To Encourage Industries

A new association has been formed in Edmonton under the name of the Edmonton Industrial Association, of which J. B. Starky, of the Penn Mine is president, and W. R. Howson, local barrister, vice-president. The association gave a get-together dinner recently, which was attended by 150 business men. The object of the organization is to patronize Edmonton-made goods and to encourage industries in this city.



INTESTINAL flu, high blood pressure, nervous disorders—how careful one must be to avoid these dangerous ailments at this time of the year. Keep the system clear of poisons and impurities. Tone up the liver, prevent bile stagnation and intestinal lethargy. Let Marlatt's help you as it helps thousands every year to ward off illness and disease.

Five Dollars Recommended and sold by all leading druggists. J. W. MARLATT & Co. Ltd., Laboratories, Toronto. Write for unadvised testimonials 24

W. N. U. 1776

FLU Germs Breed In the Throat.

First: Appear As A Common Cold, But Gain Tremendous Headway In Six Hours

SOME SIMPLE PRECAUTIONS AGAINST INFLUENZA

Simple precautions taken now will enable you to fight dreaded "flu" which is sweeping rapidly through the whole country. The germs of Influenza gain access to the body through the mouth and throat. Keep the throat healthy and you go a long way towards stopping the trouble. An effective means of prevention is to gargle the throat three or four times daily with Nerville. Half a teaspoonful of Nerville in water makes a most efficient gargle. The germ-killing properties of Nerville quickly destroy any bacteria in the mouth or throat. If the chest is sore, if the throat is hoarse, if you have a cough—be sure to rub the neck and chest with Nerville. Every drop of it will rub in, and out will come the congestion.

Of course it is absolutely necessary to house-clean the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills which stimulate the eliminative organs, and rid the system of disease-breeding germs. This combination treatment of Nerville and Dr. Hamilton's Pills will give prompt and entirely satisfactory results.

LOCAL ITEMS

Mr. Waldraf of Cereal was a Chinook visitor on Saturday.

Mr. Verne Bassett of Swallow, Alberta, is visiting at the home of his brother, F. Bassett.

Don't forget the I. H. Co. Tractor School at Cereal at 9 a.m. on Friday, March 15th.

C. W. Bowman who has been visiting at the home of his brothers at Glenside Park for the past two weeks returned on Thursday.

Mrs. Lea and two little sons, Jack and Billy, left on Tuesday morning for Kindersley where they will visit at the home of Mr. Lea's sister, Mrs. Rutley.

The meeting of the Directors of the Agricultural Society was held on Saturday, March 9th, at the agricultural hall. There was a good attendance and important business was transacted in connection with the prize list for the fair.

At the picture show last Saturday night Mr. C. E. Neff was the lucky winner of a very fine rug which the management gave to the one who guessed the nearest number of squares in the beautiful quilt which Mr. Lawrence Berry made. The correct number of squares was 5928. Mr. Neff guessed 5999.

Mr. Ed Stewart of Naco was a Chinook visitor last week.

Frank Sayers shipped forty very fine cattle on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Downs of Cereal visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Chapman on Tuesday.

Buster Rutley, of Kindersley, visited this week at the home of his uncle, W. S. Lee.

Miss R. Page, of Swallow, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Bassett.

Mrs. J. Massey entertained a number of young people on Wednesday, in honor of her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Butts and also Miss Byrd Crocker, of Calgary.

Miss Jessie Morrison, who has been visiting friends and also nursing in Hanna, returned on Tuesday to the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Morrison of Coliholme.

Edwin Neff, in company with his aunt, Mrs. A. W. Morton of Calgary, motored to Chinook on Tuesday. Mrs. Morton will visit her sister, Mrs. C. E. Neff, for a week or two.

Mrs. Lloyd Robinson and Mrs. Clarence Peterson will be joint hostesses in giving a tea at the home of Mrs. Robinson on Saturday afternoon, March 23rd. Proceeds to go to the church. Everybody welcome.

Mr. Bunney left on Tuesday for Calgary.

Mr. J. C. Turple purchased a new four-door Ford car last week.

Keep April 12th open for the Women's Institute entertainment, followed by a dance.

Mesdames Rennie and Dawson returned from Calgary on Saturday morning.

Charlie Bennett is back at work again after spending a few days in Calgary.

Conley Bros. unloaded another carload of Ford cars last Thursday.

We are glad to report that Mrs. W. W. Wilson is improving nicely and will soon be able to leave the hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bassett entertained a number of young people on Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. Bassett's brother.

Don't forget the St. Patrick's dance under the auspices of the Chinook Baseball Club on Friday, March 22nd.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hutchison entertained a number of their neighbors on Monday afternoon. They had a windmill raising.

We are pleased to report that Mrs. W. W. Wilson returned from the hospital on Saturday and is doing fine.

Mrs. C. E. Neff entertained a few ladies on Wednesday afternoon in honor of her sister, Mrs. Morton.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright Lawrence returned home on Saturday morning after having spent the winter months with Mrs. Lawrence's parents and relatives at Kingsley, Iowa, U.S.A.

The Ladies' Aid met at the home of Mrs. Wm. Meade on Wednesday, March 13th. There was a fair attendance. The usual amount of business was transacted.

We are sorry to announce the sad news of the sudden death of Mrs. H. D. Connor, although the deceased had been ill her death came as a great shock to her husband and friends. The funeral took place on Thursday 14th. Full particulars will be given in next issue.

The members of the Kindersley Orchestra who put on a dance last Friday evening were well pleased with the attendance as they said they had a larger crowd at Chinook than at any of the other towns where they put on dances. Those who attended were also pleased as their music was very fine and much appreciated by all. We hope at some future date to have the pleasure of hearing the Kindersley Orchestra play again.

C. G. I. T. ELECT OFFICERS

The C.G.I.T. Group met at the church last Monday night for the purpose of electing officers. Mrs. Gay being the leader. The elections were as follows:

President—Urdine Brownell
Vice—President Betty Milligan
Secretary—Jean McIntosh
Treasurer—Elsie Smith
Song Leader—Marjorie Lee
Newspaper Reporter—Helen Dawson

Games Committee—Ina Rennie and Elsie Smith.

Motto and Name—Urdine Brownell, Betty Milligan and Marjorie Lee.

THE NECESSITY OF WATER AND MINERALS FOR POULTRY

(By A. Taylor Hatchery, Winnipeg)

We think of feed primarily in the production of eggs, and sometimes forgetting however that the eggs are composed of 65 per cent water. A liberal intake of water will increase egg production by stimulating feed consumption and giving the necessary for egg formation. Warm water is one of the primary essentials of winter egg production. When the flock goes off feed in a cold spell, egg production drops considerable, this is caused by the water being too cold or none at all. Give the hens lots of warm water and when they produce eggs when prices are high. Over one-third of the solid part of a hen's egg (that is one-third of all the egg except the water it contains) is composed of two minerals—Lime (Calcium) and Phosphorus. They are found in very small amounts in most farm feeds. The other two thirds are made up chiefly of carbon, nitrogen and Sulphur, these minerals are abundant in your ordinary feeds.

Poultrymen have long known the importance of lime for egg shell and know the need of phosphorus in producing eggs. Oyster shell, this natural mineral food is produced from vast deposits of lime and phosphorus in the exact proportions suited for poultry needs (Tri Calcium phosphate is a food). Oyster shell is free from conglomeration of chemicals or drugs. It is a food and should be used as such. Use oyster shell in your poultry man and feeds, it builds up bones in your young chicks, develops large frames for heavy egg layers, supplies the needed egg producing material and makes hard-shelled hatchable eggs. Mix five pounds to every 100 pounds of mash. Have a supply of clean oyster shell in the hopper at all times.

Charcoal is very essential for the health of your flock as it removes gases from the grain and sterilizes the food consumed. One pound of powdered charcoal mixed in 100 pounds of mash will help to keep your flock in a healthy condition summer or winter.

Grit is necessary for Poultry as they have no teeth and should have a hopper with clean grit at all times.

GERMINATION TESTS

Germination tests are conducted by the Seed Branch office at Calgary but farmers are advised to make their own tests when possible. For this purpose a shallow box or flower pot filled with soil may be used. Plant 100 seeds about one inch deep and keep the soil moist but not wet. Place the box where it will be warm but not too hot in the day-time and cooler at night as long as the temperature is not down to freezing. A window having a southern exposure is very suitable. In order to get a reliable test, however, it is advisable to expose the seed to be tested in a warm, dry place for at least a week before planting. By noticing the number of sprouts and whether they come up quickly and are strong or weak, one can determine the viability of the grain for seeding purposes.

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CHINOOK ADVANCE
\$1.50 per Year

CLASSIFIED ADS.

BABY CHICKS—Canada's Best to Lay, 100 per cent. Alive. Leghorns, \$17.00 per 100; Anconas, and Barred Rocks, \$18.00 per hundred; Rhode Island Reds, \$19.00 per hundred; Wyandottes, White Rocks, Buff Orpingtons, \$20.00 per 100. 12 month poultry course free. Chicks from pen matings, 25c each. Incubators, brooders. Free catalogue. First Hatch March 4th. ALEX. TAYLOR'S HATCHERY, 362 Furby St., Winnipeg, Man. 46-9

FARM TO RENT—The S. 1/2 17 28-7 W. 4th, 5 miles South-West of Chinook. 283 acres under cultivation, 140 acres for crop this year, 100 acres of which was summer-fallowed last year. Terms reasonable. A very desirable place for grain-growing and for stock. For particulars apply to Lorne Proudfoot, Chinook, Alberta. 46-80

HOUSE FOR SALE—A three-roomed house, with barn 10x20, on a 50 ft. lot. Apply to Jacob Piekart, West of Livery Barn. Leaving town during summer. 45-6p

FOR SALE—Three turkey gobblers, apply E. J. Ellis, Coliholme, phone 602. 46-9

FOR SALE—1927 cars, suitable for seed. Apply N. Courts, N12 9-26-7.

FOR SALE—Seed Oats. Test 95 per cent. Price 65c per bushel. Apply to C. W. Bowman, Sec. 20, Tp. 30, R. 7, West of the 4th M. 47-0

FARM FOR RENT—1/2 Sec. 3, miles north of town. A. L. Lang, Box 6, Chinook. 47-0

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ING done at the
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Painting & Kalsmining, Furniture Lacquered & Renovated. Sample Wallpaper Books for 1929 are here—see them. A full range of choice papers from 10c per roll up.

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Prompt Service and prices reasonable
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Oliver Chilled Plow Works
Full Line of Tractor and Horse Drawn Implements

Willow and Tamarac Posts
A Car of Dry Wood Just Arrived

Don't Forget to Call and See the New
HART-PARR TRACTOR

R. D. VANHOOK



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115,
G. R. A. A. P. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday
even or after the full moon.
Visiting brethren cordially wel-
comed.

KEITH THOMPSON,
W.M.

R. W. WRIGHT,
Secretary.

W. W. Isbister
General Blacksmith

Counters and Dies Sharpened
Horse shoeing and General
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours

Our restaurant has been thoroughly
renovated, and new booths installed

All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks
and Candies. ICE CREAM
CHINOOK - ALTA

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Beauty Parlor

First Class Work At
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Shop Closed Monday
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Barrister Solicitor,
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Youngstown Alberta

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Licensed Auctioneer

FOR DATES

Phone 4 CEREAL or Write Box 49

CHINOOK UNITED CHURCH

Rev. A. G. Gay, Pastor

SUNDAY, MARCH 17, 1929

Sunday School 9 a.m.
Divine Service 3.00 p.m.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC CHURCH

Service Second Sunday Every Month.
Mass at 8.00 a.m.

Beef, Pork and
Cured Meats

Fresh Fish Every Day

WE ARE HERE TO SERVE YOU !

Chinook Meat Market

Maintain the Quality
of Alberta's Crops

BETTER SEED

means

Better Yields • Better Grades • Better Prices

A special committee appointed by the minister of Agriculture, with the co-operation of numerous organizations in the province, is urging the use this spring by farmers throughout the province of

High Quality, Clean, Tested Seed Grain

in order to reduce the heavy annual losses sustained by sowing inferior seed.

Farmers can co-operate by:

1. Using registered seed wherever available.
2. Using at least high quality commercial seed.
3. Having seed tested for germination and purity.
4. Treating seed for smut.
5. Thoroughly cleaning all grain intended for seed.
6. Seeding only varieties of recognized quality and varieties suitable to the district.

Good seed will be in demand this spring. Secure your requirements early—before the supply is exhausted.

U.F.A. Locals, Boards of Trade, the Wheat Pool, Banks, Commercial Grain Firms, the Press, and many other organizations are working in co-operation with a—

BETTER SEED COMMITTEE

consisting of representatives of the Provincial Department of Agriculture, the Dominion Seed Branch, the Canadian Seed Growers' Association, the Alberta Seed Growers' Association, the C.P.R. Agricultural Department, and the University of Alberta.

D. A. McCANNEL,

Provincial Publicity Commission, Secretary